S-4510.	. 3	

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6237

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Schoesler, Prentice and Hewitt)

READ FIRST TIME 02/27/06.

AN ACT Relating to technical modifications to tax statutes; 1 2 amending RCW 82.04.190, 82.04.330, 82.08.02745, 82.08.0311, 88.40.011, 88.46.010, 90.56.010, 82.04.530, 82.14B.020, 82.32.520, 3 82.32.555, 34.05.030, 82.14.030, 82.14.045, 82.14.048, 82.14.0485, 4 82.14.049, 5 82.14.0494, 82.14.010, 82.14.310, 82.14.320, 82.14.330, 82.14.340, 82.14.350, 82.14.360, 82.14.370, 6 82.14.390, 82.14.400, 82.14.420, 7 82.14.430, 82.14.440, 82.14.450, 82.14.460, 82.44.160, 43.62.010, 70.05.125, 53.08.090, 43.160.220, 82.08.0266, 82.08.02665, 82.12.0284, 8 9 82.08.02569, 82.08.02917, 82.08.832, 82.08.880, 82.08.890, 82.08.900, 10 82.08.910, 82.08.920, 82.04.140, 82.04.280, 82.04.280, 82.04.418, 82.04.4281, 82.04.4286, 82.04.440, 82.04.440, 82.04.4462, 82.04.4328, 11 12 82.32.550, 82.12.045, 84.33.140, 84.33.140, 84.34.108, 84.52.010, 84.52.054, and 82.46.010; amending 2004 c 153 s 502 (uncodified); 13 14 reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.050, 82.04.213, 82.14B.030, 43.84.092, and 82.04.250; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; 15 16 adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 82.04.035, 82.04.2403, 82.04.331, 82.04.332, 82.04.333, 17 82.04.335, 82.04.337, 82.04.338, 82.04.410, 82.04.4287, 82.14.032, 18 19 82.14.034, 82.14.046, 82.14.070, 82.14.200, 82.14.210, 82.14.212, 82.14.220, 82.14.380, 35.02.135, 82.44.155, 82.12.02525, 82.12.0253, 20 21 82.12.02567, 82.12.02568, 82.12.02569, 82.12.0257, 82.12.0258,

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- 82.12.0259, 82.12.0261, 82.12.0262, 82.12.0267, 82.12.0268, 82.12.0269, 1 2 82.12.0271, 82.12.0273, 82.12.0274, 82.12.02745, 82.12.02747, 82.12.02749, 82.12.0275, 82.12.0276, 82.12.0277, 82.12.02748, 3 82.12.0279, 82.12.0283, 82.12.02915, 82.12.02917, 82.12.0293, 4 82.12.0294, 82.12.0296, 82.12.0297, 82.12.0298, 82.12.031, 82.12.0311, 5 82.12.0316, 82.12.032, 82.12.033, 82.12.034, 82.12.0345, 82.12.0347, 6 7 82.12.803, 82.12.804, 82.12.806, 82.12.808, 82.12.809, 82.12.813, 8 82.12.832, 82.12.841, 82.12.880, 82.12.890, 82.12.900, 82.12.910, 82.12.920, 82.12.925, 82.12.935, 82.12.940, 82.12.945, 82.12.950, 9 10 82.12.955, 82.12.960, 82.12.975, 82.12.985, 82.04.055, 82.04.150, 82.04.4261, 82.04.4262, 82.04.4263, 84.55.012, and 84.55.0121; 11 providing effective dates; providing a contingent effective date; 12 13 providing expiration dates; providing a contingent expiration date; and 14 declaring an emergency.
- 15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 16 PART I
 17 PROVISIONS RELATING TO AGRICULTURE

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- 18 **Sec. 101.** RCW 82.04.050 and 2005 c 515 s 2 and 2005 c 514 s 101
- 19 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means every sale of tangible personal property (including articles produced, fabricated, or imprinted) to all persons irrespective of the nature of their business and including, among others, without limiting the scope hereof, persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve, construct, or decorate real or personal property of or for consumers other than a sale to a person who presents a resale certificate under RCW 82.04.470 and who:
 - (a) Purchases for the purpose of resale as tangible personal property in the regular course of business without intervening use by such person, but a purchase for the purpose of resale by a regional transit authority under RCW 81.112.300 is not a sale for resale; or
- 31 (b) Installs, repairs, cleans, alters, imprints, improves, 32 constructs, or decorates real or personal property of or for consumers, 33 if such tangible personal property becomes an ingredient or component 34 of such real or personal property without intervening use by such 35 person; or

(c) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased in producing for sale a new article of tangible personal property or substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient or component or is a chemical used in processing, when the primary purpose of such chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of a new article being produced for sale; or

- (d) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in producing magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of ferrosilicon; $((\frac{\{or\}}{}))$ or
- (e) Purchases for the purpose of providing the property to consumers as part of competitive telephone service, as defined in RCW 82.04.065. The term shall include every sale of tangible personal property which is used or consumed or to be used or consumed in the performance of any activity classified as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property is resold or utilized as provided in (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this subsection following such use. The term also means every sale of tangible personal property to persons engaged in any business which is taxable under RCW 82.04.280 (2) and (7), 82.04.290, and 82.04.2908; or
- (f) Purchases for the purpose of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in subsection (7) of this section, if such tangible personal property replaces or becomes an ingredient or component of property covered by the extended warranty without intervening use by such person.
- (2) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" shall include the sale of or charge made for tangible personal property consumed and/or for labor and services rendered in respect to the following:
- (a) The installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, or improving of tangible personal property of or for consumers, including charges made for the mere use of facilities in respect thereto, but excluding charges made for the use of self-service laundry facilities, and also excluding sales of laundry service to nonprofit health care facilities, and excluding services rendered in respect to live animals, birds and insects;
- (b) The constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real

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property of or for consumers, including the installing or attaching of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation, and shall also include the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of land and the moving of earth excepting the mere leveling of land used in commercial farming or agriculture;

- (c) The ((charge for labor and services rendered in respect to)) constructing, repairing, or improving any structure upon, above, or under any real property owned by an owner who conveys the property by title, possession, or any other means to the person performing such construction, repair, or improvement for the purpose of performing such construction, repair, or improvement and the property is then reconveyed by title, possession, or any other means to the original owner;
- (d) The ((sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the)) cleaning, fumigating, razing or moving of existing buildings or structures, but shall not include the charge made for janitorial services; and for purposes of this section the term "janitorial services" shall mean those cleaning and caretaking services ordinarily performed by commercial janitor service businesses including, but not limited to, wall and window washing, floor cleaning and waxing, and the cleaning in place of rugs, drapes and upholstery. The term "janitorial services" does not include painting, papering, repairing, furnace or septic tank cleaning, snow removal or sandblasting;
- (e) ((The sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to)) Automobile towing and similar automotive transportation services, but not in respect to those required to report and pay taxes under chapter 82.16 RCW;
- (f) ((The sale of and charge made for)) The furnishing of lodging and all other services by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, and the granting of any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from the renting or leasing of real property, and it shall be presumed that the occupancy of real property for a continuous period of one month or more constitutes a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license to use or enjoy the same. For the purposes of this subsection, it shall be presumed that the sale

of and charge made for the furnishing of lodging for a continuous period of one month or more to a person is a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license to enjoy the same;

- (g) ((The sale of or charge made for tangible personal property, labor and services to)) Persons taxable under (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this subsection when such sales or charges are for property, labor and services which are used or consumed in whole or in part by such persons in the performance of any activity defined as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property, labor and services may be resold after such use or consumption. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to modify subsection (1) of this section and nothing contained in subsection (1) of this section shall be construed to modify this subsection.
- (3) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" shall include the sale of or charge made for personal, business, or professional services including amounts designated as interest, rents, fees, admission, and other service emoluments however designated, received by persons engaging in the following business activities:
- (a) Amusement and recreation services including but not limited to golf, pool, billiards, skating, bowling, ski lifts and tows, day trips for sightseeing purposes, and others, when provided to consumers;
 - (b) Abstract, title insurance, and escrow services;
 - (c) Credit bureau services;

- (d) Automobile parking and storage garage services;
- (e) Landscape maintenance and horticultural services but excluding
 (i) horticultural services provided to farmers and (ii) pruning,
 trimming, repairing, removing, and clearing of trees and brush near
 electric transmission or distribution lines or equipment, if performed
 by or at the direction of an electric utility;
- 30 (f) Service charges associated with tickets to professional sporting events; and
- 32 (g) The following personal services: Physical fitness services, 33 tanning salon services, tattoo parlor services, steam bath services, 34 turkish bath services, escort services, and dating services.
 - (4)(a) The term shall also include:
- 36 (i) The renting or leasing of tangible personal property to 37 consumers; and

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(ii) Providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A consideration of this is that the operator is necessary for the tangible personal property to perform as designed. For the purpose of this subsection (4)(a)(ii), an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal property.

- (b) The term shall not include the renting or leasing of tangible personal property where the lease or rental is for the purpose of sublease or subrent.
- (5) The term shall also include the providing of telephone service, as defined in RCW 82.04.065, to consumers.
 - (6) The term shall also include the sale of prewritten computer software other than a sale to a person who presents a resale certificate under RCW 82.04.470, regardless of the method of delivery to the end user, but shall not include custom software or the customization of prewritten computer software.
- (7) The term shall also include the sale of or charge made for an extended warranty to a consumer. For purposes of this subsection, "extended warranty" means an agreement for a specified duration to perform the replacement or repair of tangible personal property at no additional charge or a reduced charge for tangible personal property, labor, or both, or to provide indemnification for the replacement or repair of tangible personal property, based on the occurrence of specified events. The term "extended warranty" does not include an agreement, otherwise meeting the definition of extended warranty in this subsection, if no separate charge is made for the agreement and the value of the agreement is included in the sales price of the tangible personal property covered by the agreement. For purposes of this subsection, "sales price" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.010.
- (8) The term shall not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the building, repairing, or improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind.

(9) The term shall also not include sales of chemical sprays or washes to persons for the purpose of postharvest treatment of fruit for the prevention of scald, fungus, mold, or decay, nor shall it include sales of feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, agents for enhanced pollination including insects such as bees, and spray materials to:
(a) Persons who participate in the federal conservation reserve program, the environmental quality incentives program, the wetlands reserve program, and the wildlife habitat incentives program, or their successors administered by the United States department of agriculture;
(b) farmers for the purpose of producing for sale any agricultural product; and (c) farmers acting under cooperative habitat development or access contracts with an organization exempt from federal income tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) or the Washington state department of fish and wildlife to produce or improve wildlife habitat on land that the farmer owns or leases.

- (10) The term shall not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the installing, or attaching of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation. Nor shall the term include the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of land the moving of earth of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority. Nor shall the term include the sale of services or charges made for cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, radioactive waste and other byproducts of weapons production and nuclear research and development.
- (11) The term shall not include the sale of or charge made for labor, services, or tangible personal property pursuant to agreements providing maintenance services for bus, rail, or rail fixed guideway equipment when a regional transit authority is the recipient of the labor, services, or tangible personal property, and a transit agency, as defined in RCW 81.104.015, performs the labor or services.

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1 **Sec. 102.** RCW 82.04.190 and 2005 c 514 s 103 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

(1) "Consumer" means the following:

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 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) Any person who purchases, acquires, owns, holds, or uses any article of tangible personal property irrespective of the nature of the person's business and including, among others, without limiting the scope hereof, persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve, construct, or decorate real or personal property of or for consumers other than for the purpose $((\frac{a}{a}))$ of resale as tangible personal property in the regular course of business or $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (ii) of incorporating such property as an ingredient or component of real or personal property when installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, improving, constructing, or decorating such real or personal property of or for consumers or $((\frac{c}{c}))$ (iii) of consuming such property in producing for sale a new article of tangible personal property or a new substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient or component or as a chemical used in processing, when the primary purpose of such chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of a new article being produced for sale or $((\frac{d}{d}))$ of consuming the property purchased in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in producing magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of ferrosilicon or $((\frac{(e)}{(e)}))$ of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7), if such tangible personal property replaces or becomes an ingredient or component of property covered by the extended warranty without intervening use by such person;

 $((\frac{(2)(a)}{(a)}))$ (b)(i) Any person engaged in any business activity taxable under RCW 82.04.290 or 82.04.2908; $((\frac{(b)}{(b)}))$ (ii) any person who purchases, acquires, or uses any telephone service as defined in RCW 82.04.065, other than for resale in the regular course of business; $((\frac{(c)}{(c)}))$ (iii) any person who purchases, acquires, or uses any service defined in RCW 82.04.050(2)(a), other than for resale in the regular course of business or for the purpose of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7); $((\frac{(d)}{(d)}))$ (iv) any person who purchases, acquires, or uses any amusement and recreation service defined in RCW 82.04.050(3)(a), other than for

resale in the regular course of business; $((\frac{e}{v}))$ (v) any person who is an end user of software; and $((\frac{f}{v}))$ (vi) any person who purchases or acquires an extended warranty as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7) other than for resale in the regular course of business;

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(((3))) (c) Any person engaged in the business of contracting for the building, repairing or improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state of Washington or by the United States and which is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind as defined in RCW 82.04.280, in respect to tangible personal property when such person incorporates such property as an ingredient or component of such publicly owned street, place, road, highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle by installing, placing or spreading the property in or upon the right of way of such street, place, road, highway, easement, bridge, tunnel, or trestle or in or upon the site of such mass public transportation terminal or parking facility;

((4))) (d) Any person who is an owner, lessee or has the right of possession to or an easement in real property which is being constructed, repaired, decorated, improved, or otherwise altered by a person engaged in business, excluding only ((4))) (i) municipal corporations or political subdivisions of the state in respect to labor and services rendered to their real property which is used or held for public road purposes, and ((4))) (ii) the United States, instrumentalities thereof, and county and city housing authorities created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW in respect to labor and services rendered to their real property. Nothing contained in this or any other subsection of this definition shall be construed to modify any other definition of "consumer";

(((5))) (e) Any person who is an owner, lessee, or has the right of possession to personal property which is being constructed, repaired, improved, cleaned, imprinted, or otherwise altered by a person engaged in business;

 $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ (f) Any person engaged in the business of constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving new or existing buildings or other

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structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United 1 2 States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the 3 installing or attaching of any article of tangible personal property 4 5 therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation; also, any person engaged 6 7 in the business of clearing land and moving earth of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing 8 9 authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW. Any such person shall be a consumer within the meaning of this subsection in respect to 10 tangible personal property incorporated into, installed in, or attached 11 to such building or other structure by such person, except that 12 13 consumer does not include any person engaged in the business of constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving new or existing 14 buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or 15 for the United States, or any instrumentality thereof, if the 16 investment project would qualify for sales and use tax deferral under 17 chapter 82.63 RCW if undertaken by a private entity; 18

(((7))) (g) Any person who is a lessor of machinery and equipment, the rental of which is exempt from the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 under RCW 82.08.02565, with respect to the sale of or charge made for tangible personal property consumed in respect to repairing the machinery and equipment, if the tangible personal property has a useful life of less than one year. Nothing contained in this or any other subsection of this section shall be construed to modify any other definition of "consumer";

((+8))) (h) Any person engaged in the business of cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, radioactive waste and other byproducts of weapons production and nuclear research and development; and

((+9+)) (i) Any person who is an owner, lessee, or has the right of possession of tangible personal property that, under the terms of an extended warranty as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7), has been repaired or is replacement property, but only with respect to the sale of or charge made for the repairing of the tangible personal property or the replacement property.

(2) The term "consumer" does not include any person described in RCW 82.04.050(9) who purchases, acquires, owns, holds, or uses chemical

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- 1 sprays or washes, feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, agents for
- 2 enhanced pollination including insects such as bees, and spray
- 3 materials, for the purposes described in RCW 82.04.050(9).

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- 4 Sec. 103. RCW 82.04.213 and 2001 c 118 s 2 and 2001 c 97 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) "Agricultural product" means any product of plant cultivation or animal husbandry including, but not limited to: A product of horticulture, grain cultivation, vermiculture, viticulture, or aquaculture as defined in RCW 15.85.020; plantation Christmas trees; short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035; turf; or any animal including but not limited to an animal that is a private sector cultured aquatic product as defined in RCW 15.85.020, or a bird, or insect, or the substances obtained from such an animal. "Agricultural product" does not include animals defined as pet animals under RCW 16.70.020.
 - (2) "Farmer" means any person engaged in the business of growing, raising, or producing, upon the person's own lands or upon the lands in which the person has a present right of possession, any agricultural product to be sold. "Farmer" does not include a person growing, raising, or producing such products for the person's own consumption; a person selling any animal or substance obtained therefrom in connection with the person's business of operating a stockyard or a slaughter or packing house; or a person in respect to the business of taking, cultivating, or raising timber.
- 25 (3) "Plantation Christmas trees" means Christmas trees which are exempt from the timber excise tax under RCW 84.33.170.
- 27 **Sec. 104.** RCW 82.04.330 and 2001 c 118 s 3 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
- 29 <u>(1)</u> This chapter shall not apply to:
- 30 (a) Any farmer that sells any agricultural product at wholesale or 31 to any farmer who grows, raises, or produces agricultural products 32 owned by others, such as custom feed operations. This exemption shall 33 not apply to any person selling such products at retail or to any 34 person selling manufactured substances or articles((-
- 35 This chapter shall also not apply to any persons));

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- (b) Any person who participates in the federal conservation reserve program or its successor administered by the United States department of agriculture with respect to land enrolled in that program;
 - (c) Amounts received by persons engaged in the production and sale of hatching eggs or poultry for use in the production for sale of poultry or poultry products;
 - (d) Amounts received from buying wheat, oats, dry peas, dry beans, lentils, triticale, canola, corn, rye, and barley, but not including any manufactured products thereof, and selling the same at wholesale;
- (e) Amounts received by any person as compensation for the receiving, washing, sorting, and packing of fresh perishable horticultural products and the material and supplies used therein when performed for the person exempted in (a) or (b) of this subsection (1), either as agent or as independent contractor;
- (f) The gross receipts or value of products proceeding or accruing from timber harvested by a person who is a small harvester as defined in RCW 84.33.035 and whose value of products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income of the business is less than one hundred thousand dollars per tax year;
- (g) Amounts received by hop growers or dealers for hops which are shipped outside the state of Washington for first use, but only if those hops have been processed into extract, pellets, or powder in this state. This exemption applies regardless of who owns the hops during the processing and who arranges for shipment of the processed hops to a location outside this state.
- This subsection (1)(g) does not exempt a processor or warehouser from taxation under this chapter on amounts charged for processing or warehousing;
- (h) Amounts received by a person engaging within this state in the business of: (i) Making wholesale sales to farmers of seed conditioned for use in planting and not packaged for retail sale; or (ii) conditioning seed for planting owned by others.
- For the purposes of this subsection (1)(h), "seed" means seed

 potatoes and all other "agricultural seed" as defined in RCW 15.49.011.

 "Seed" does not include "flower seeds" or "vegetable seeds" as defined

 in RCW 15.49.011, or any other seeds or propagative portions of plants

 used to grow ornamental flowers or used to grow any type of bush, moss,

 fern, shrub, or tree;

(i) Any business of any bona fide agricultural fair, if no part of the net earnings of such business inures to the benefit of any stockholder or member of the association conducting the agricultural fair. However, any amount paid for admission to any exhibit, grandstand, entertainment, or other feature conducted within the fairgrounds by others shall be taxable under the provisions of this chapter, except as otherwise provided by law; and

- (j) Any nonprofit organization in respect to gross income derived from business activities for a hop commodity commission or hop commodity board created by state statute or created under chapter 15.65 or 15.66 RCW if: (i) The activity is approved by a referendum conducted by the commission or board; (ii) the person is specified in information distributed by the commission or board for the referendum as a person who is to conduct the activity; and (iii) the referendum is conducted in the manner prescribed by the statutes governing the commission or board for approving assessments or expenditures, or otherwise authorizing or approving activities of the commission or board.
- For the purposes of this subsection (1)(j), "nonprofit organization" means an organization that is exempt from federal income tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(5).
- (2) The tax imposed by RCW 82.04.240 does not apply to cleaning fish. For the purposes of this subsection, "cleaning fish" means the removal of the head, fins, or viscera from fresh fish without further processing, other than freezing.
- **Sec. 105.** RCW 82.08.02745 and 1997 c 438 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to charges made for labor and services rendered by any person in respect to the constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other structures used as agricultural employee housing, or to sales of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of the buildings or other structures during the course of the constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving the buildings or other structures((, but)). The exemption is available only if the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department ((by rule)).

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(2) The exemption provided in this section for agricultural employee housing provided to year-round employees of the agricultural employer, only applies if that housing is built to the current building code for single-family or multifamily dwellings according to the state building code, chapter 19.27 RCW.

- (3) Any agricultural employee housing built under this section shall be used according to this section for at least five consecutive years from the date the housing is approved for occupancy, or the full amount of tax otherwise due shall be immediately due and payable together with interest, but not penalties, from the date the housing is approved for occupancy until the date of payment. If at any time agricultural employee housing that is not located on agricultural land ceases to be used in the manner specified in subsection (2) of this section, the full amount of tax otherwise due shall be immediately due and payable with interest, but not penalties, from the date the housing ceases to be used as agricultural employee housing until the date of payment.
- (4) The exemption provided in this section shall not apply to housing built for the occupancy of an employer, family members of an employer, or persons owning stock or shares in a farm partnership or corporation business.
 - (5) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.02685:
- (a) "Agricultural employee" or "employee" has the same meaning as given in RCW 19.30.010;
- (b) "Agricultural employer" or "employer" has the same meaning as given in RCW 19.30.010; and
- (c) "Agricultural employee housing" means all facilities provided by an agricultural employer, housing authority, local government, state or federal agency, nonprofit community or neighborhood-based organization that is exempt from income tax under section 501(c) of the internal revenue code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)), or for-profit provider of housing for housing agricultural employees on a year-round or seasonal basis, including bathing, food handling, hand washing, laundry, and toilet facilities, single-family and multifamily dwelling units and dormitories, and includes labor camps under RCW ((70.54.110)) 70.114A.110. "Agricultural employee housing" does not include housing regularly provided on a commercial basis to the general public. "Agricultural employee housing" does not include housing provided by a

- 1 housing authority unless at least eighty percent of the occupants are
- 2 agricultural employees whose adjusted income is less than fifty percent
- 3 of median family income, adjusted for household size, for the county
- 4 where the housing is provided.
- 5 **Sec. 106.** RCW 82.08.0311 and 1988 c 68 s 1 are each amended to fead as follows:
- 7 The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales of
- 8 materials and supplies directly used in the packing of fresh perishable
- 9 horticultural products by any person entitled to ((a deduction)) an
- 10 <u>exemption</u> under RCW ((82.04.4287)) <u>82.04.330(1)(e)</u> either as an agent
- 11 or an independent contractor.

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- 12 **Sec. 107.** RCW 88.40.011 and 2003 c 56 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 14 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 15 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 16 (1) "Barge" means a vessel that is not self-propelled.
- 17 (2) "Cargo vessel" means a self-propelled ship in commerce, other 18 than a tank vessel, fishing vessel, or a passenger vessel, of three 19 hundred or more gross tons.
- 20 (3) "Bulk" means material that is stored or transported in a loose, 21 unpackaged liquid, powder, or granular form capable of being conveyed 22 by a pipe, bucket, chute, or belt system.
 - (4) "Covered vessel" means a tank vessel, cargo vessel, or passenger vessel.
 - (5) "Department" means the department of ecology.
- 26 (6) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology.
- (7)(a) "Facility" means any structure, group of structures, equipment, pipeline, or device, other than a vessel, located on or near the navigable waters of the state that transfers oil in bulk to or from any vessel with an oil carrying capacity over two hundred fifty barrels or pipeline, that is used for producing, storing, handling, transferring, processing, or transporting oil in bulk.
- 33 (b) A facility does not include any: (i) Railroad car, motor 34 vehicle, or other rolling stock while transporting oil over the 35 highways or rail lines of this state; (ii) retail motor vehicle motor 36 fuel outlet; (iii) facility that is operated as part of an exempt

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agricultural activity as provided in RCW 82.04.330(1) (a) or (b); (iv) underground storage tank regulated by the department or a local government under chapter 90.76 RCW; or (v) marine fuel outlet that does not dispense more than three thousand gallons of fuel to a ship that is not a covered vessel, in a single transaction.

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- (8) "Fishing vessel" means a self-propelled commercial vessel of three hundred or more gross tons that is used for catching or processing fish.
- 9 (9) "Gross tons" means tonnage as determined by the United States 10 coast guard under 33 C.F.R. section 138.30.
- (10) "Hazardous substances" means any substance listed as of March 1, 2003, in Table 302.4 of 40 C.F.R. Part 302 adopted under section 13 101(14) of the federal comprehensive environmental response, 14 compensation, and liability act of 1980, as amended by P.L. 99-499. 15 The following are not hazardous substances for purposes of this 16 chapter:
 - (a) Wastes listed as F001 through F028 in Table 302.4; and
 - (b) Wastes listed as K001 through K136 in Table 302.4.
 - (11) "Navigable waters of the state" means those waters of the state, and their adjoining shorelines, that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce.
 - (12) "Oil" or "oils" means any naturally occurring liquid hydrocarbons at atmospheric temperature and pressure coming from the earth, including condensate and natural gasoline, and any fractionation thereof, including, but not limited to, crude oil, petroleum, gasoline, fuel oil, diesel oil, oil sludge, oil refuse, and oil mixed with wastes other than dredged spoil. Oil does not include any substance listed as of March 1, 2003, in Table 302.4 of 40 C.F.R. Part 302 adopted under section 101(14) of the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation, and liability act of 1980, as amended by P.L. 99-499.
 - (13) "Offshore facility" means any facility located in, on, or under any of the navigable waters of the state, but does not include a facility any part of which is located in, on, or under any land of the state, other than submerged land.
- 37 (14) "Onshore facility" means any facility any part of which is 38 located in, on, or under any land of the state, other than submerged

land, that because of its location, could reasonably be expected to cause substantial harm to the environment by discharging oil into or on the navigable waters of the state or the adjoining shorelines.

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- (15)(a) "Owner or operator" means (i) in the case of a vessel, any person owning, operating, or chartering by demise, the vessel; (ii) in the case of an onshore or offshore facility, any person owning or operating the facility; and (iii) in the case of an abandoned vessel or onshore or offshore facility, the person who owned or operated the vessel or facility immediately before its abandonment.
- 10 (b) "Operator" does not include any person who owns the land 11 underlying a facility if the person is not involved in the operations 12 of the facility.
- 13 (16) "Passenger vessel" means a ship of three hundred or more gross 14 tons with a fuel capacity of at least six thousand gallons carrying 15 passengers for compensation.
- 16 (17) "Ship" means any boat, ship, vessel, barge, or other floating 17 craft of any kind.
- 18 (18) "Spill" means an unauthorized discharge of oil into the waters 19 of the state.
- 20 (19) "Tank vessel" means a ship that is constructed or adapted to 21 carry, or that carries, oil in bulk as cargo or cargo residue, and 22 that:
 - (a) Operates on the waters of the state; or
- 24 (b) Transfers oil in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of this state.
- (20) "Waters of the state" includes lakes, rivers, ponds, streams, inland waters, underground water, salt waters, estuaries, tidal flats, beaches and lands adjoining the seacoast of the state, sewers, and all other surface waters and watercourses within the jurisdiction of the state of Washington.
- 31 **Sec. 108.** RCW 88.46.010 and 2000 c 69 s 1 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 35 (1) "Best achievable protection" means the highest level of 36 protection that can be achieved through the use of the best achievable 37 technology and those staffing levels, training procedures, and

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operational methods that provide the greatest degree of protection achievable. The director's determination of best achievable protection shall be guided by the critical need to protect the state's natural resources and waters, while considering (a) the additional protection provided by the measures; (b) the technological achievability of the measures; and (c) the cost of the measures.

- (2) "Best achievable technology" means the technology that provides the greatest degree of protection taking into consideration (a) processes that are being developed, or could feasibly be developed, given overall reasonable expenditures on research and development, and (b) processes that are currently in use. In determining what is best achievable technology, the director shall consider the effectiveness, engineering feasibility, and commercial availability of the technology.
- (3) "Cargo vessel" means a self-propelled ship in commerce, other than a tank vessel or a passenger vessel, of three hundred or more gross tons, including but not limited to, commercial fish processing vessels and freighters.
- (4) "Bulk" means material that is stored or transported in a loose, unpackaged liquid, powder, or granular form capable of being conveyed by a pipe, bucket, chute, or belt system.
- 21 (5) "Covered vessel" means a tank vessel, cargo vessel, or 22 passenger vessel.
 - (6) "Department" means the department of ecology.
 - (7) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology.
 - (8) "Discharge" means any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, or dumping.
 - (9)(a) "Facility" means any structure, group of structures, equipment, pipeline, or device, other than a vessel, located on or near the navigable waters of the state that transfers oil in bulk to or from a tank vessel or pipeline, that is used for producing, storing, handling, transferring, processing, or transporting oil in bulk.
 - (b) A facility does not include any: (i) Railroad car, motor vehicle, or other rolling stock while transporting oil over the highways or rail lines of this state; (ii) retail motor vehicle motor fuel outlet; (iii) facility that is operated as part of an exempt agricultural activity as provided in RCW 82.04.330(1) (a) or (b); (iv) underground storage tank regulated by the department or a local

government under chapter 90.76 RCW; or (v) marine fuel outlet that does not dispense more than three thousand gallons of fuel to a ship that is not a covered vessel, in a single transaction.

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- (10) "Marine facility" means any facility used for tank vessel wharfage or anchorage, including any equipment used for the purpose of handling or transferring oil in bulk to or from a tank vessel.
- (11) "Navigable waters of the state" means those waters of the state, and their adjoining shorelines, that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce.
- (12) "Oil" or "oils" means any naturally occurring liquid hydrocarbons at atmospheric temperature and pressure coming from the earth, including condensate and natural gasoline, and any fractionation thereof, including, but not limited to, crude oil, petroleum, gasoline, fuel oil, diesel oil, oil sludge, oil refuse, and oil mixed with wastes other than dredged spoil. Oil does not include any substance listed in Table 302.4 of 40 C.F.R. Part 302 adopted August 14, 1989, under section 101(14) of the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation, and liability act of 1980, as amended by P.L. 99-499.
- (13) "Offshore facility" means any facility located in, on, or under any of the navigable waters of the state, but does not include a facility any part of which is located in, on, or under any land of the state, other than submerged land. "Offshore facility" does not include a marine facility.
- (14) "Onshore facility" means any facility any part of which is located in, on, or under any land of the state, other than submerged land, that because of its location, could reasonably be expected to cause substantial harm to the environment by discharging oil into or on the navigable waters of the state or the adjoining shorelines.
- (15)(a) "Owner or operator" means (i) in the case of a vessel, any person owning, operating, or chartering by demise, the vessel; (ii) in the case of an onshore or offshore facility, any person owning or operating the facility; and (iii) in the case of an abandoned vessel or onshore or offshore facility, the person who owned or operated the vessel or facility immediately before its abandonment.
 - (b) "Operator" does not include any person who owns the land

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- underlying a facility if the person is not involved in the operations of the facility.
- 3 (16) "Passenger vessel" means a ship of three hundred or more gross 4 tons with a fuel capacity of at least six thousand gallons carrying 5 passengers for compensation.
- 6 (17) "Person" means any political subdivision, government agency,
 7 municipality, industry, public or private corporation, copartnership,
 8 association, firm, individual, or any other entity whatsoever.
- 9 (18) "Ship" means any boat, ship, vessel, barge, or other floating 10 craft of any kind.
- 11 (19) "Spill" means an unauthorized discharge of oil into the waters 12 of the state.
- 13 (20) "Tank vessel" means a ship that is constructed or adapted to 14 carry, or that carries, oil in bulk as cargo or cargo residue, and 15 that:
 - (a) Operates on the waters of the state; or

- 17 (b) Transfers oil in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of this state.
- 19 (21) "Waters of the state" includes lakes, rivers, ponds, streams, 20 inland waters, underground water, salt waters, estuaries, tidal flats, 21 beaches and lands adjoining the seacoast of the state, sewers, and all 22 other surface waters and watercourses within the jurisdiction of the 23 state of Washington.
- 24 (22) "Worst case spill" means: (a) In the case of a vessel, a 25 spill of the entire cargo and fuel of the vessel complicated by adverse 26 weather conditions; and (b) in the case of an onshore or offshore 27 facility, the largest foreseeable spill in adverse weather conditions.
- 28 **Sec. 109.** RCW 90.56.010 and 2000 c 69 s 15 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context indicates otherwise:
- 32 (1) "Best achievable protection" means the highest level of 33 protection that can be achieved through the use of the best achievable 34 technology and those staffing levels, training procedures, and 35 operational methods that provide the greatest degree of protection 36 achievable. The director's determination of best achievable protection 37 shall be guided by the critical need to protect the state's natural

resources and waters, while considering (a) the additional protection provided by the measures; (b) the technological achievability of the measures; and (c) the cost of the measures.

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- (2) "Best achievable technology" means the technology that provides the greatest degree of protection taking into consideration (a) processes that are being developed, or could feasibly be developed, given overall reasonable expenditures on research and development, and (b) processes that are currently in use. In determining what is best achievable technology, the director shall consider the effectiveness, engineering feasibility, and commercial availability of the technology.
 - (3) "Board" means the pollution control hearings board.
- (4) "Cargo vessel" means a self-propelled ship in commerce, other than a tank vessel or a passenger vessel, three hundred or more gross tons, including but not limited to, commercial fish processing vessels and freighters.
- (5) "Bulk" means material that is stored or transported in a loose, unpackaged liquid, powder, or granular form capable of being conveyed by a pipe, bucket, chute, or belt system.
- (6) "Committee" means the preassessment screening committee established under RCW 90.48.368.
- 21 (7) "Covered vessel" means a tank vessel, cargo vessel, or 22 passenger vessel.
 - (8) "Department" means the department of ecology.
 - (9) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology.
 - (10) "Discharge" means any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, or dumping.
 - (11)(a) "Facility" means any structure, group of structures, equipment, pipeline, or device, other than a vessel, located on or near the navigable waters of the state that transfers oil in bulk to or from a tank vessel or pipeline, that is used for producing, storing, handling, transferring, processing, or transporting oil in bulk.
 - (b) A facility does not include any: (i) Railroad car, motor vehicle, or other rolling stock while transporting oil over the highways or rail lines of this state; (ii) underground storage tank regulated by the department or a local government under chapter 90.76 RCW; (iii) motor vehicle motor fuel outlet; (iv) facility that is operated as part of an exempt agricultural activity as provided in RCW

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82.04.330(1) (a) or (b); or (v) marine fuel outlet that does not dispense more than three thousand gallons of fuel to a ship that is not a covered vessel, in a single transaction.

- (12) "Fund" means the state coastal protection fund as provided in RCW 90.48.390 and 90.48.400.
- (13) "Having control over oil" shall include but not be limited to any person using, storing, or transporting oil immediately prior to entry of such oil into the waters of the state, and shall specifically include carriers and bailees of such oil.
- (14) "Marine facility" means any facility used for tank vessel wharfage or anchorage, including any equipment used for the purpose of handling or transferring oil in bulk to or from a tank vessel.
- (15) "Navigable waters of the state" means those waters of the state, and their adjoining shorelines, that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce.
- (16) "Necessary expenses" means the expenses incurred by the department and assisting state agencies for (a) investigating the source of the discharge; (b) investigating the extent of the environmental damage caused by the discharge; (c) conducting actions necessary to clean up the discharge; (d) conducting predamage and damage assessment studies; and (e) enforcing the provisions of this chapter and collecting for damages caused by a discharge.
- (17) "Oil" or "oils" means naturally occurring liquid hydrocarbons at atmospheric temperature and pressure coming from the earth, including condensate and natural gasoline, and any fractionation thereof, including, but not limited to, crude oil, petroleum, gasoline, fuel oil, diesel oil, oil sludge, oil refuse, and oil mixed with wastes other than dredged spoil. Oil does not include any substance listed in Table 302.4 of 40 C.F.R. Part 302 adopted August 14, 1989, under section 101(14) of the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation, and liability act of 1980, as amended by P.L. 99-499.
- 34 (18) "Offshore facility" means any facility located in, on, or 35 under any of the navigable waters of the state, but does not include a 36 facility any part of which is located in, on, or under any land of the 37 state, other than submerged land.

(19) "Onshore facility" means any facility any part of which is located in, on, or under any land of the state, other than submerged land, that because of its location, could reasonably be expected to cause substantial harm to the environment by discharging oil into or on the navigable waters of the state or the adjoining shorelines.

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- (20)(a) "Owner or operator" means (i) in the case of a vessel, any person owning, operating, or chartering by demise, the vessel; (ii) in the case of an onshore or offshore facility, any person owning or operating the facility; and (iii) in the case of an abandoned vessel or onshore or offshore facility, the person who owned or operated the vessel or facility immediately before its abandonment.
- (b) "Operator" does not include any person who owns the land underlying a facility if the person is not involved in the operations of the facility.
- 15 (21) "Passenger vessel" means a ship of three hundred or more gross 16 tons with a fuel capacity of at least six thousand gallons carrying 17 passengers for compensation.
 - (22) "Person" means any political subdivision, government agency, municipality, industry, public or private corporation, copartnership, association, firm, individual, or any other entity whatsoever.
- 21 (23) "Ship" means any boat, ship, vessel, barge, or other floating 22 craft of any kind.
- 23 (24) "Spill" means an unauthorized discharge of oil or hazardous 24 substances into the waters of the state.
 - (25) "Tank vessel" means a ship that is constructed or adapted to carry, or that carries, oil in bulk as cargo or cargo residue, and that:
 - (a) Operates on the waters of the state; or
- 29 (b) Transfers oil in a port or place subject to the jurisdiction of 30 this state.
- 31 (26) "Waters of the state" includes lakes, rivers, ponds, streams, 32 inland waters, underground water, salt waters, estuaries, tidal flats, 33 beaches and lands adjoining the seacoast of the state, sewers, and all 34 other surface waters and watercourses within the jurisdiction of the 35 state of Washington.
- 36 (27) "Worst case spill" means: (a) In the case of a vessel, a 37 spill of the entire cargo and fuel of the vessel complicated by adverse

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- 1 weather conditions; and (b) in the case of an onshore or offshore
- 2 facility, the largest foreseeable spill in adverse weather conditions.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 110.** The following acts or parts of acts are 4 each repealed:
 - (1) RCW 82.04.035 ("Plantation Christmas trees") and 1987 c 23 s 1;
- 6 (2) RCW 82.04.2403 (Manufacturer tax not applicable to cleaning 7 fish) and 1994 c 167 s 1;
- 8 (3) RCW 82.04.331 (Exemptions--Wholesale sales to farmers of seed 9 for planting, conditioning seed for planting owned by others) and 1998 10 c 170 s 2;
- 11 (4) RCW 82.04.332 (Exemptions--Buying and selling at wholesale 12 wheat, oats, dry peas, dry beans, lentils, triticale, canola, corn, 13 rye, and barley) and 1998 c 312 s 2;
- 14 (5) RCW 82.04.333 (Exemptions--Small harvesters) and 1990 c 141 s 1;
- 16 (6) RCW 82.04.335 (Exemptions--Agricultural fairs) and 1965 ex.s. 17 c 145 s 1;
- 18 (7) RCW 82.04.337 (Exemptions--Amounts received by hop growers or 19 dealers for processed hops shipped outside the state) and 1987 c 495 s 20 1;
- 21 (8) RCW 82.04.338 (Exemptions--Hop commodity commission or hop 22 commodity board business) and 1998 c 200 s 1;
- 23 (9) RCW 82.04.410 (Exemptions--Hatching eggs and poultry) and 1967 24 ex.s. c 149 s 15 & 1961 c 15 s 82.04.410; and
- 25 (10) RCW 82.04.4287 (Deductions--Compensation for receiving, 26 washing, etc., horticultural products for person exempt under RCW 82.04.330--Materials and supplies used) and 1980 c 37 s 8.

28 PART II

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29 TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROVISIONS

30 **Sec. 201.** RCW 82.04.530 and 2004 c 153 s 410 are each amended to read as follows:

For purposes of this chapter, a telephone business other than a mobile telecommunications service provider must calculate gross proceeds of ((retail)) sales in a manner consistent with the sourcing rules provided in RCW 82.32.520. The department may adopt rules to

- 1 implement this section, including rules that provide a formulary method
- of determining gross proceeds that reasonably approximates the taxable
- 3 activity of a telephone business.

Sec. 202. RCW 82.14B.020 and 2002 c 341 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Emergency services communication system" means a multicounty, countywide, or districtwide radio or landline communications network, including an enhanced 911 telephone system, which provides rapid public access for coordinated dispatching of services, personnel, equipment, and facilities for police, fire, medical, or other emergency services.
- (2) "Enhanced 911 telephone system" means a public telephone system consisting of a network, data base, and on-premises equipment that is accessed by dialing 911 and that enables reporting police, fire, medical, or other emergency situations to a public safety answering point. The system includes the capability to selectively route incoming 911 calls to the appropriate public safety answering point that operates in a defined 911 service area and the capability to automatically display the name, address, and telephone number of incoming 911 calls at the appropriate public safety answering point.
- (3) "Switched access line" means the telephone service line which connects a subscriber's main telephone(s) or equivalent main telephone(s) to the local exchange company's switching office.
- (4) "Local exchange company" has the meaning ascribed to it in RCW 80.04.010.
- (5) "Radio access line" means the telephone number assigned to or used by a subscriber for two-way local wireless voice service available to the public for hire from a radio communications service company. Radio access lines include, but are not limited to, radio-telephone communications lines used in cellular telephone service, personal communications services, and network radio access lines, or their functional and competitive equivalent. Radio access lines do not include lines that provide access to one-way signaling service, such as paging service, or to communications channels suitable only for data transmission, or to nonlocal radio access line service, such as wireless roaming service, or to a private telecommunications system.

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- 1 (6) "Radio communications service company" has the meaning ascribed 2 to it in RCW 80.04.010, except that it does not include radio paging 3 providers. It does include those persons or entities that provide 4 commercial mobile radio services, as defined by 47 U.S.C. Sec. 5 332(d)(1), and both facilities-based and nonfacilities-based resellers.
- 6 (7) "Private telecommunications system" has the meaning ascribed to it in RCW 80.04.010.
- 8 (8) "Subscriber" means the retail purchaser of telephone service as 9 telephone service is defined in RCW 82.04.065(3).
- 10 (9) "Place of primary use" has the meaning ascribed to it in ((the federal mobile telecommunications sourcing act, P.L. 106 252)) RCW 82.04.065.
- **Sec. 203.** RCW 82.14B.030 and 2002 c 341 s 8 and 2002 c 67 s 8 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The legislative authority of a county may impose a county enhanced 911 excise tax on the use of switched access lines in an amount not exceeding fifty cents per month for each switched access line. The amount of tax shall be uniform for each switched access line. Each county shall provide notice of such tax to all local exchange companies serving in the county at least sixty days in advance of the date on which the first payment is due.
 - enhanced 911 excise tax on the use of radio access lines whose place of primary use is located within the county in an amount not exceeding fifty cents per month for each radio access line. The amount of tax shall be uniform for each radio access line. ((The location of a radio access line is the customer's place of primary use as defined in RCW 82.04.065.)) The county shall provide notice of such tax to all radio communications service companies serving in the county at least sixty days in advance of the date on which the first payment is due. Any county imposing this tax shall include in its ordinance a refund mechanism whereby the amount of any tax ordered to be refunded by the judgment of a court of record, or as a result of the resolution of any appeal therefrom, shall be refunded to the radio communications service company or local exchange company that collected the tax, and those companies shall reimburse the subscribers who paid the tax. The

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ordinance shall further provide that to the extent the subscribers who paid the tax cannot be identified or located, the tax paid by those subscribers shall be returned to the county.

- (3) A state enhanced 911 excise tax is imposed on all switched access lines in the state. The amount of tax shall not exceed twenty cents per month for each switched access line. The tax shall be uniform for each switched access line. The tax imposed under this subsection shall be remitted to the department of revenue by local exchange companies on a tax return provided by the department. Tax proceeds shall be deposited by the treasurer in the enhanced 911 account created in RCW 38.52.540.
- (4) A state enhanced 911 excise tax is imposed on all radio access lines whose place of primary use is located within the state in an amount of twenty cents per month for each radio access line. The tax shall be uniform for each radio access line. The tax imposed under this section shall be remitted to the department of revenue by radio communications service companies, including those companies that resell radio access lines, on a tax return provided by the department. Tax proceeds shall be deposited by the treasurer in the enhanced 911 account created in RCW 38.52.540. The tax imposed under this section is not subject to the state sales and use tax or any local tax.
- (5) By August 31st of each year the state enhanced 911 coordinator shall recommend the level for the next year of the state enhanced 911 excise tax imposed by subsection (3) of this section, based on a systematic cost and revenue analysis, to the utilities and transportation commission. The commission shall by the following October 31st determine the level of the state enhanced 911 excise tax for the following year.
- **Sec. 204.** RCW 82.32.520 and 2004 c 153 s 403 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
 - (1) Except for the defined telecommunications services listed in this section, the sale of telephone service as defined in RCW 82.04.065 sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to (a) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction or (b) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either originates or terminates and in which the service address is also located.

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(2) Except for the defined telecommunications services listed in this section, a sale of telephone service as defined in RCW 82.04.065 sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis, is sourced to the customer's place of primary use.

- (3) The sales of telephone service as defined in RCW 82.04.065 that are listed in this section shall be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as follows:
- (a) A sale of mobile telecommunications services, other than airground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service, is sourced to the customer's place of primary use as required by RCW 82.08.066.
- (b) A sale of postpaid calling service is sourced to the origination point of the telecommunications signal as first identified by either (i) the seller's telecommunications system, or (ii) information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller.
 - (c) A sale of prepaid calling service is sourced as follows:
- (i) When a prepaid calling service is received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller, the sale is sourced to that business location;
- (ii) When a prepaid calling service is not received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller, the sale is sourced to the location where receipt by the purchaser or the purchaser's donee, designated as such by the purchaser, occurs, including the location indicated by instructions for delivery to the purchaser or donee, known to the seller;
- (iii) When (c)(i) and (ii) of this subsection do not apply, the sale is sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser that is available from the business records of the seller that are maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's business when use of this address does not constitute bad faith;
- (iv) When (c)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this subsection do not apply, the sale is sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained during the consummation of the sale, including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument, if no other address is available, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith;
- (v) When (c)(i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) of this subsection do not apply, including the circumstance where the seller is without sufficient information to apply those provisions, then the location

shall be determined by the address from which tangible personal property was shipped, from which the digital good or the computer software delivered electronically was first available for transmission by the seller, or from which the service defined as a retail sale under RCW 82.04.050 was provided, disregarding for these purposes any location that merely provided the digital transfer of the product sold;

- (vi) In the case of a sale of mobile telecommunications service that is a prepaid telecommunications service, (c)(v) of this subsection shall include as an option the location associated with the mobile telephone number.
- (d) A sale of a private communication service is sourced as follows:
 - (i) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel termination point is sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which such customer channel termination point is located.
 - (ii) Service where all customer termination points are located entirely within one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in such jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are located.
 - (iii) Service for segments of a channel between two customer channel termination points located in different jurisdictions and which segment of channel are separately charged is sourced fifty percent in each level of jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are located.
 - (iv) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is sourced in each jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer channel termination points in the jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel termination points.
- 31 (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 32 chapter.
 - (a) "Air-ground radiotelephone service" means air-ground radio service, as defined in 47 C.F.R. Sec. 22.99, as amended or renumbered as of January 1, 2003, in which common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.

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1 (b) "Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging for 2 telecommunications services where the price is measured by individual 3 calls.

- (c) "Communications channel" means a physical or virtual path of communications over which signals are transmitted between or among customer channel termination points.
- (d) "Customer" means the person or entity that contracts with the seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of telecommunications services is not the contracting party, the end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the telecommunications service. "Customer" does not include a reseller of telecommunications service or for mobile telecommunications service of a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the customer outside the home service provider's licensed service area.
- 15 (e) "Customer channel termination point" means the location where 16 the customer either inputs or receives the communications.
 - (f) "End user" means the person who uses the telecommunications service. In the case of an entity, the term end user means the individual who uses the service on behalf of the entity.
 - (g) "Home service provider" means the same as that term is defined in RCW 82.04.065.
- (h) "Mobile telecommunications service" means the same as that term is defined in RCW 82.04.065.
 - (i) "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer. In the case of mobile telecommunications services, "place of primary use" must be within the licensed service area of the home service provider.
 - (j) "Postpaid calling service" means the telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by charge made to ((which)) a telephone number that is not associated with the origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A postpaid calling service includes a telecommunications service that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunications service.

- (k) "Prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and which enables the origination of calls using an access number and/or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.
- (1) "Private communication service" means a telecommunications service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other associated services that are provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels.
 - (m) "Service address" means:

- (i) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid;
- (ii) If the location in (m)(i) of this subsection is not known, the origination point of the signal of the telecommunications services first identified by either the seller's telecommunications system or in information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller;
- (iii) If the locations in (m)(i) and (ii) of this subsection are not known, the location of the customer's place of primary use.
- **Sec. 205.** RCW 82.32.555 and 2004 c 76 s 1 are each amended to read 26 as follows:
 - If a taxing jurisdiction does not subject some charges for telephone services to taxation, but these charges are aggregated with and not separately stated from charges that are subject to taxation, then the charges for nontaxable telephone services may be subject to taxation unless the telephone service ((or)) provider can reasonably identify charges not subject to the tax, charge, or fee from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business and for purposes other than merely allocating the sales price of an aggregated charge to the individually aggregated items.

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- - (1) This chapter shall not apply to:
 - (a) The state militia, or

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- (b) The board of clemency and pardons, or
- 6 (c) The department of corrections or the indeterminate sentencing 7 review board with respect to persons who are in their custody or are 8 subject to the jurisdiction of those agencies.
- 9 (2) The provisions of RCW 34.05.410 through 34.05.598 shall not 10 apply:
- 11 (a) To adjudicative proceedings of the board of industrial insurance appeals except as provided in RCW 7.68.110 and 51.48.131;
- 13 (b) Except for actions pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, to the denial, suspension, or revocation of a driver's license by the department of licensing;
 - (c) To the department of labor and industries where another statute expressly provides for review of adjudicative proceedings of a department action, order, decision, or award before the board of industrial insurance appeals;
- 20 (d) To actions of the Washington personnel resources board or the 21 director of personnel; or
 - (e) To the extent they are inconsistent with any provisions of chapter 43.43 RCW.
 - (3) Unless a party makes an election for a formal hearing pursuant to RCW 82.03.140 or 82.03.190, RCW 34.05.410 through 34.05.598 do not apply to a review hearing conducted by the board of tax appeals.
 - (4) The rule-making provisions of this chapter do not apply to:
 - (a) Reimbursement unit values, fee schedules, arithmetic conversion factors, and similar arithmetic factors used to determine payment rates that apply to goods and services purchased under contract for clients eligible under chapter 74.09 RCW; and
 - (b) Determinations by the department of revenue under RCW 43.20A.725 and 80.36.430 of the amount of telecommunications relay service excise tax and telephone assistance excise tax, to be placed on each switched access line.
- 36 (5) All other agencies, whether or not formerly specifically 37 excluded from the provisions of all or any part of the Administrative 38 Procedure Act, shall be subject to the entire act.

- Sec. 207. 2004 c 153 s 502 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
 - (1) If a court of competent jurisdiction enters a final judgment on the merits that is based on federal or state law, is no longer subject to appeal, and substantially limits or impairs the essential elements of P.L. 106-252, 4 U.S.C. Secs. 116 through 126, or chapter 67, Laws of 2002, then chapter 67, Laws of 2002 is null and void in its entirety.
- 8 (2) If the contingency in subsection (1) of this section occurs, 9 section 502, chapter 168, Laws of 2003 is null and void.
- 10 (3) If the contingency in subsection (1) of this section occurs, 11 section 410, chapter 153, Laws of 2004 is null and void.
- 12 (4) If the contingency in subsection (1) of this section occurs, 13 section 111, chapter 514, Laws of 2005 is null and void.
- 14 (5) If the contingency in subsection (1) of this section occurs, 15 sections 201 and 203, chapter ..., Laws of 2006 (sections 201 and 203 16 of this act) are null and void.

17 PART III

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18 LOCAL SALES AND USE TAXES

- NEW SECTION. **sec. 301.** A new section is added to chapter 82.14 RCW to read as follows:
- 21 The amount of retail sales or use tax imposed by a local government 22 under the authority of this chapter or any other statute upon the 23 occurrence of any taxable event shall equal:
 - (1) In the case of a sales tax, the tax rates multiplied by the selling price of the article, service, or extended warranty; and
 - (2) In the case of a use tax, the tax rates multiplied by the value of the article used, value of the service used, or value of the extended warranty used. However, in the case of a seller that is required to collect use tax from the purchaser, the amount of tax imposed shall equal the tax rates multiplied by the purchase price.
- 31 **Sec. 302.** RCW 82.14.030 and 1989 c 384 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 (1) The governing body of any county or city while not required by 34 legislative mandate to do so, may, by resolution or ordinance for the 35 purposes authorized by this chapter, ((fix and)) impose a sales and use

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tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. Such tax shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state ((pursuant to)) under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW, upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county or city as the case may be((÷ PROVIDED, That)). Except as provided in RCW 82.14.230, this sales and use tax shall not apply to natural or manufactured gas. such tax imposed by a county shall be five-tenths of one percent ((of the selling price (in the case of a sales tax) or value of the article used (in the case of a use tax))). The rate of such tax imposed by a city shall not exceed five-tenths of one percent ((of the selling price (in the case of a sales tax) or value of the article used (in the case of a use tax): PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That)). However, in the event a county ((shall impose)) imposes a sales and use tax under this subsection, the rate of such tax imposed under this subsection by any city therein shall not exceed four hundred and twenty-five onethousandths of one percent.

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(2) ((Subject to the enactment into law of the 1982 amendment to RCW 82.02.020 by section 5, chapter 49, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess.,)) In addition to the tax authorized in subsection (1) of this section, the governing body of any county or city may by resolution or ordinance impose an additional sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. Such additional tax shall be collected upon the same taxable events upon which the tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section is ((levied)) imposed. The rate of such additional tax imposed by a county shall be up to five-tenths of one percent ((of the selling price (in the case of a sales tax) or value of the article used (in the case of a use tax))). The rate of such additional tax imposed by a city shall be up to five-tenths of one percent ((of the selling price (in the case of a sales tax) or value of the article used (in the case of a use tax): PROVIDED HOWEVER, That)). However, in the event a county ((shall)) imposes a sales and use tax under the authority of this subsection at a rate equal to or greater than the rate imposed under the authority of this subsection by a city within the county, the county shall receive fifteen percent of the city tax((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). In the event that the county (($shall\ impose$)) imposesa sales and use tax under the authority of this subsection at a rate which is less than the rate imposed under this subsection by a city within the county, the county shall receive that amount of revenues

from the city tax equal to fifteen percent of the rate of tax imposed by the county under the authority of this subsection. The authority to impose a tax under this subsection is intended in part to compensate local government for any losses from the phase-out of the property tax on business inventories.

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- (3) The rate of sales and use tax imposed by a city under the authority of subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be altered pursuant to a government service agreement as provided in RCW 36.115.040 and 36.115.050.
- 10 (4) The percentage of a city's sales and use tax receipts that a 11 county receives under the authority of subsections (1) and (2) of this 12 section may be altered pursuant to a government service agreement as 13 provided in RCW 36.115.040 and 36.115.050.
- 14 **Sec. 303.** RCW 82.14.045 and 2001 c 89 s 3 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
 - (1) The legislative body of any city pursuant to RCW 35.92.060, of any county which has created an unincorporated transportation benefit area pursuant to RCW 36.57.100 and 36.57.110, of any public transportation benefit area pursuant to RCW 36.57A.080 and 36.57A.090, of any county transportation authority established pursuant to chapter 36.57 RCW, and of any metropolitan municipal corporation within a county with a population of one million or more pursuant to chapter 35.58 RCW, may, by resolution or ordinance for the sole purpose of providing funds for the operation, maintenance, or capital needs of public transportation systems or public transportation limited to persons with special needs under RCW 36.57.130 and 36.57A.180, and in lieu of the excise taxes authorized by RCW 35.95.040, submit an authorizing proposition to the voters or include such authorization in a proposition to perform the function of public transportation or public transportation limited to persons with special needs under RCW 36.57.130 and 36.57A.180, and if approved by a majority of persons voting thereon, ((fix and)) impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter((* PROVIDED, That no such legislative body shall impose such a sales and use tax without submitting such an authorizing proposition to the voters and obtaining the approval of a majority of persons voting thereon: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). Where ((such a)) an authorizing proposition is submitted by a county on

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behalf of an unincorporated transportation benefit area, it shall be voted upon by the voters residing within the boundaries of such unincorporated transportation benefit area and, if approved, the sales and use tax shall be imposed only within such area. Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the contrary, any county in which a county public transportation plan has been adopted pursuant to RCW 36.57.070 and the voters of such county have authorized the imposition of a sales and use tax pursuant to the provisions of section 10, chapter 167, Laws of 1974 ex. sess., prior to July 1, 1975, shall be authorized to ((fix and)) impose a sales and use tax as provided in this section at not to exceed the rate so authorized without additional approval of the voters of such county as otherwise required by this section.

The tax authorized ((pursuant to)) by this section shall be in addition to the tax authorized by RCW 82.14.030 and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state ((pursuant to)) under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within such city, public transportation benefit area, county, or metropolitan municipal corporation as the case may be. The rate of such tax shall be one-tenth, two-tenths, three-tenths, four-tenths, five-tenths, six-tenths, seven-tenths, eight-tenths, or nine-tenths of one percent ((of the selling price (in the case of a sales tax) or value of the article used (in the case of a use tax))). The rate of such tax shall not exceed the rate authorized by the voters unless such increase shall be similarly approved.

- (2)(a) In the event a metropolitan municipal corporation ((shall)) imposes a sales and use tax pursuant to this chapter no city, county which has created an unincorporated transportation benefit area, public transportation benefit area authority, or county transportation authority wholly within such metropolitan municipal corporation shall be empowered to ((levy)) impose and/or collect taxes ((pursuant to)) under RCW ((35.58.273,)) 35.95.040((, and/or 82.14.045)) or this section, but nothing herein shall prevent such city or county from imposing sales and use taxes pursuant to any other authorization.
- (b) In the event a county transportation authority ((shall)) imposes a sales and use tax ((pursuant to)) under this section, no city, county which has created an unincorporated transportation benefit area, public transportation benefit area, or metropolitan municipal

corporation, located within the territory of the authority, shall be empowered to $((\frac{1evy}{}))$ impose or collect taxes $((\frac{pursuant to}{}))$ under RCW $((\frac{35.58.273}{}))$ 35.95.040 $((\frac{}{}))$ or $((\frac{82.14.045}{}))$ this section.

- (c) In the event a public transportation benefit area ((shall)) imposes a sales and use tax ((pursuant to)) under this section, no city, county which has created an unincorporated transportation benefit area, or metropolitan municipal corporation, located wholly or partly within the territory of the public transportation benefit area, shall be empowered to ((levy)) impose or collect taxes ((levy)) under RCW ((levy)) 35.95.040((levy)) or ((levy)) this section.
- (((3) Any local sales and use tax revenue collected pursuant to this section by any city or by any county for transportation purposes pursuant to RCW 36.57.100 and 36.57.110 shall not be counted as locally generated tax revenues for the purposes of apportionment and distribution, in the manner prescribed by chapter 82.44 RCW, of the proceeds of the motor vehicle excise tax authorized pursuant to RCW 35.58.273, except that the local sales and use tax revenue collected under this section by a city with a population greater than sixty thousand that as of January 1, 1998, owns and operates a municipal public transportation system shall be counted as locally generated tax revenues for the purposes of apportionment and distribution, in the manner prescribed by chapter 82.44 RCW, of the proceeds of the motor vehicle excise tax authorized under RCW 35.58.273 as follows:
 - (a) For fiscal year 2000, revenues collected under this section shall be counted as locally generated tax revenues for up to 25 percent of the tax collected under RCW 35.58.273;
 - (b) For fiscal year 2001, revenues collected under this section shall be counted as locally generated tax revenues for up to 50 percent of the tax collected under RCW 35.58.273;
- (c) For fiscal year 2002, revenues collected under this section shall be counted as locally generated tax revenues for up to 75 percent of the tax collected under RCW 35.58.273; and
- (d) For fiscal year 2003 and thereafter, revenues collected under this section shall be counted as locally generated tax revenues for up to 100 percent of the tax collected under RCW 35.58.273.))
- **Sec. 304.** RCW 82.14.048 and 1999 c 165 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

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(1) The governing board of a public facilities district under chapter 36.100 or 35.57 RCW may submit an authorizing proposition to the voters of the district, and if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, ((fix and)) impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter.

- (2) The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the public facilities district. The rate of tax shall not exceed two-tenths of one percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax)).
- (3) Moneys received from any tax imposed under this section shall be used for the purpose of providing funds for the costs associated with the financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, and reequipping of its public facilities.
- ((No tax may be collected under this section by a public facilities district under chapter 35.57 RCW before August 1, 2000, and no tax in excess of one tenth of one percent may be collected under this section by a public facilities district under chapter 36.100 RCW before August 1, 2000.))
- **Sec. 305.** RCW 82.14.0485 and 1995 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 101 are each 24 amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The legislative authority of a county with a population of one million or more may impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax shall not exceed 0.017 percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax)).
 - (2) The tax ((imposed)) <u>authorized</u> under subsection (1) of this section ((shall be deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or paid over to the department of revenue)) is a credit against the state tax under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department

of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the county <u>and shall remit the tax to the county</u> as provided in RCW 82.14.060.

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- (3) Moneys collected under <u>the authority of</u> this section shall only be used for the purpose of paying the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by a county to construct a baseball stadium.
- (4) No tax may be collected under the authority of this section before January 1, 1996, and no tax may be collected under this section unless the taxes under RCW 82.14.360 are being collected. The tax ((imposed in)) authorized under this section shall expire when the bonds issued for the construction of the baseball stadium are retired, but not more than twenty years after the tax is first collected.
- 13 (5) As used in this section, "baseball stadium" means a baseball 14 stadium with natural turf and a retractable roof or canopy, together 15 with associated parking facilities, constructed in the largest city in 16 a county with a population of one million or more.
 - **Sec. 306.** RCW 82.14.049 and 1997 c 220 s 502 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The legislative authority of any county may impose a sales and use tax, in addition to the tax authorized by RCW 82.14.030, upon retail car rentals within the county that are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW. The rate of tax shall be one percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or rental value of the vehicle in the case of a use tax)). Proceeds of the tax shall not be used to subsidize any professional sports team and shall be used solely for the following purposes:
 - $((\frac{1}{1}))$ <u>(a)</u> Acquiring, constructing, maintaining, or operating public sports stadium facilities;
- 29 $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (b) Engineering, planning, financial, legal, or 30 professional services incidental to public sports stadium facilities;
 - (((3))) (c) Youth or amateur sport activities or facilities; or
- 32 (((4+))) (d) Debt or refinancing debt issued for the purposes of (a) 33 of this subsection (((1)) of this section)).
- 34 (2) At least seventy-five percent of the tax $((\frac{imposed}{imposed}))$ authorized 35 under this section shall be used for the purposes of $((\frac{subsections}{imposed}))$ 36 subsection (1)($(\frac{1}{imposed})$) of this section.

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Sec. 307. RCW 82.14.0494 and 1997 c 220 s 204 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The legislative authority of a county that has created a public stadium authority to develop a stadium and exhibition center under RCW 36.102.050 may impose a sales and use tax in accordance with this chapter. The tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax shall be 0.016 percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax)).
- (2) The tax ((imposed)) <u>authorized</u> under subsection (1) of this section ((shall be deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or paid over to the department of revenue)) is a credit against the state tax under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the county and shall remit the tax to the county as provided in RCW 82.14.060.
- (3) Before the issuance of bonds in RCW 43.99N.020, all revenues collected on behalf of the county under the authority of this section shall be transferred to the public stadium authority. After bonds are issued under RCW 43.99N.020, all revenues collected on behalf of the county under the authority of this section shall be deposited in the stadium and exhibition center account under RCW 43.99N.060.
 - (4) The definitions in RCW 36.102.010 apply to this section.
 - (5) This section expires on the earliest of the following dates:
- 27 (a) December 31, 1999, if the conditions for issuance of bonds 28 under RCW 43.99N.020 have not been met before that date;
- 29 (b) The date on which all bonds issued under RCW 43.99N.020 have 30 been retired; or
- 31 (c) Twenty-three years after the date the tax <u>authorized</u> under this section is first imposed.
- **Sec. 308.** RCW 82.14.010 and 1970 ex.s. c 94 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 <u>(1)</u> The legislature finds that the several counties and cities of 36 the state lack adequate sources of revenue to carry out essential 37 county and municipal purposes. The legislature further finds that the

most efficient and appropriate methods of deriving revenues for such purposes is to vest additional taxing powers in the governing bodies of counties and cities which they may or may not implement. The legislature intends, by enacting this chapter, to provide the means by which essential county and municipal purposes can be financially served should they choose to employ them.

(2) It is the intent of this chapter that any local sales and use tax adopted under the authority of this chapter be identical to the state sales and use tax, unless otherwise prohibited by federal law, and with other local sales and use taxes adopted under the authority of this chapter. It is further the intent of this chapter that the local sales and use tax shall be imposed upon an individual taxable event simultaneously with the imposition of the state sales or use tax upon the same taxable event. The rule-making powers of the department contained in RCW 82.08.060 and 82.32.300 are applicable to this chapter.

Sec. 309. RCW 82.14.310 and 2005 c 282 s 49 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The county criminal justice assistance account is created in the state treasury. Beginning in fiscal year 2000, the state treasurer shall transfer into the county criminal justice assistance account from the general fund the sum of twenty-three million two hundred thousand dollars divided into four equal deposits occurring on July 1, October 1, January 1, and April 1. For each fiscal year thereafter, the state treasurer shall increase the total transfer by the fiscal growth factor, as defined in RCW 43.135.025, forecast for that fiscal year by the office of financial management in November of the preceding year.
- (2) The moneys deposited in the county criminal justice assistance account for distribution under this section, less any moneys appropriated for purposes under subsection (4) of this section, shall be distributed ((at such times as distributions are made under RCW 82.44.150)) quarterly during the months of January, April, July, and October and on the relative basis of each county's funding factor as determined under this subsection.
 - (a) A county's funding factor is the sum of:
- 36 (i) The population of the county, divided by one thousand, and 37 multiplied by two-tenths;

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- 1 (ii) The crime rate of the county, multiplied by three-tenths; and
- 2 (iii) The annual number of criminal cases filed in the county 3 superior court, for each one thousand in population, multiplied by 4 five-tenths.
 - (b) Under this section and RCW 82.14.320 and 82.14.330:

- (i) The population of the county or city shall be as last determined by the office of financial management;
- (ii) The crime rate of the county or city is the annual occurrence of specified criminal offenses, as calculated in the most recent annual report on crime in Washington state as published by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs, for each one thousand in population;
- (iii) The annual number of criminal cases filed in the county superior court shall be determined by the most recent annual report of the courts of Washington, as published by the administrative office of the courts;
- (iv) Distributions and eligibility for distributions in the 1989-91 biennium shall be based on 1988 figures for both the crime rate as described under (ii) of this subsection and the annual number of criminal cases that are filed as described under (iii) of this subsection. Future distributions shall be based on the most recent figures for both the crime rate as described under (ii) of this subsection and the annual number of criminal cases that are filed as described under (iii) of this subsection.
- exclusively for criminal justice purposes and shall be expended exclusively for criminal justice purposes and shall not be used to replace or supplant existing funding. Criminal justice purposes are defined as activities that substantially assist the criminal justice system, which may include circumstances where ancillary benefit to the civil or juvenile justice system occurs, and which includes (a) domestic violence services such as those provided by domestic violence programs, community advocates, and legal advocates, as defined in RCW 70.123.020, and (b) during the 2001-2003 fiscal biennium, juvenile dispositional hearings relating to petitions for at-risk youth, truancy, and children in need of services. Existing funding for purposes of this subsection is defined as calendar year 1989 actual operating expenditures for criminal justice purposes. Calendar year 1989 actual operating expenditures for criminal justice purposes

exclude the following: Expenditures for extraordinary events not likely to reoccur, changes in contract provisions for criminal justice services, beyond the control of the local jurisdiction receiving the services, and major nonrecurring capital expenditures.

- (4) Not more than five percent of the funds deposited to the county criminal justice assistance account shall be available for appropriations for enhancements to the state patrol crime laboratory system and the continuing costs related to these enhancements. Funds appropriated from this account for such enhancements shall not supplant existing funds from the state general fund.
- **Sec. 310.** RCW 82.14.320 and 1998 c 321 s 12 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
 - (1) The municipal criminal justice assistance account is created in the state treasury. Beginning in fiscal year 2000, the state treasurer shall transfer into the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under this section from the general fund the sum of four million six hundred thousand dollars divided into four equal deposits occurring on July 1, October 1, January 1, and April 1. For each fiscal year thereafter, the state treasurer shall increase the total transfer by the fiscal growth factor, as defined in RCW 43.135.025, forecast for that fiscal year by the office of financial management in November of the preceding year.
 - (2) No city may receive a distribution under this section from the municipal criminal justice assistance account unless:
 - (a) The city has a crime rate in excess of one hundred twenty-five percent of the statewide average as calculated in the most recent annual report on crime in Washington state as published by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs;
- 29 (b) The city has levied the tax authorized in RCW 82.14.030(2) at 30 the maximum rate or the tax authorized in RCW 82.46.010(3) at the 31 maximum rate; and
 - (c) The city has a per capita yield from the tax imposed under RCW 82.14.030(1) at the maximum rate of less than one hundred fifty percent of the statewide average per capita yield for all cities from such local sales and use tax.
 - (3) The moneys deposited in the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under this section, less any moneys

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appropriated for purposes under subsection (7) of this section, shall be distributed ((at such times as distributions are made under RCW 82.44.150)) quarterly during the months of January, April, July, and October. The distributions shall be made as follows:

- (a) Unless reduced by this subsection, thirty percent of the moneys shall be distributed ratably based on population as last determined by the office of financial management to those cities eligible under subsection (2) of this section that have a crime rate determined under subsection (2)(a) of this section which is greater than one hundred seventy-five percent of the statewide average crime rate. No city may receive more than fifty percent of any moneys distributed under this subsection (a) but, if a city distribution is reduced as a result of exceeding the fifty percent limitation, the amount not distributed shall be distributed under (b) of this subsection.
- (b) The remainder of the moneys, including any moneys not distributed in subsection (2)(a) of this section, shall be distributed to all cities eligible under subsection (2) of this section ratably based on population as last determined by the office of financial management.
- (4) No city may receive more than thirty percent of all moneys distributed under subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, the distributions to any city that substantially decriminalizes or repeals its criminal code after July 1, 1990, and that does not reimburse the county for costs associated with criminal cases under RCW 3.50.800 or 3.50.805(2), shall be made to the county in which the city is located.
- (6) Moneys distributed under this section shall be expended exclusively for criminal justice purposes and shall not be used to replace or supplant existing funding. Criminal justice purposes are defined as activities that substantially assist the criminal justice system, which may include circumstances where ancillary benefit to the civil justice system occurs, and which includes domestic violence services such as those provided by domestic violence programs, community advocates, and legal advocates, as defined in RCW 70.123.020, and publications and public educational efforts designed to provide information and assistance to parents in dealing with runaway or atrisk youth. Existing funding for purposes of this subsection is defined as calendar year 1989 actual operating expenditures for

criminal justice purposes. Calendar year 1989 actual operating expenditures for criminal justice purposes exclude the following: Expenditures for extraordinary events not likely to reoccur, changes in contract provisions for criminal justice services, beyond the control of the local jurisdiction receiving the services, and major nonrecurring capital expenditures.

(7) Not more than five percent of the funds deposited to the municipal criminal justice assistance account shall be available for appropriations for enhancements to the state patrol crime laboratory system and the continuing costs related to these enhancements. Funds appropriated from this account for such enhancements shall not supplant existing funds from the state general fund.

Sec. 311. RCW 82.14.330 and 2003 c 90 s 1 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

- (1) Beginning in fiscal year 2000, the state treasurer shall transfer into the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under this section from the general fund the sum of four million six hundred thousand dollars divided into four equal deposits occurring on July 1, October 1, January 1, and April 1. For each fiscal year thereafter, the state treasurer shall increase the total transfer by the fiscal growth factor, as defined in RCW 43.135.025, forecast for that fiscal year by the office of financial management in November of the preceding year. The moneys deposited in the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under this section, less any moneys appropriated for purposes under subsection (4) of this section, shall be distributed to the cities of the state as follows:
- (a) Twenty percent appropriated for distribution shall be distributed to cities with a three-year average violent crime rate for each one thousand in population in excess of one hundred fifty percent of the statewide three-year average violent crime rate for each one thousand in population. The three-year average violent crime rate shall be calculated using the violent crime rates for each of the preceding three years from the annual reports on crime in Washington state as published by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs. Moneys shall be distributed under this subsection (1)(a) ratably based on population as last determined by the office of

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financial management, but no city may receive more than one dollar per capita. Moneys remaining undistributed under this subsection at the end of each calendar year shall be distributed to the criminal justice training commission to reimburse participating city law enforcement agencies with ten or fewer full-time commissioned patrol officers the cost of temporary replacement of each officer who is enrolled in basic law enforcement training, as provided in RCW 43.101.200.

(b) Sixteen percent shall be distributed to cities ratably based on population as last determined by the office of financial management, but no city may receive less than one thousand dollars.

The moneys deposited in the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under this subsection shall be distributed ((at such times as distributions are made under RCW 82.44.150)) quarterly during the months of January, April, July, and October.

Moneys distributed under this subsection shall be expended exclusively for criminal justice purposes and shall not be used to replace or supplant existing funding. Criminal justice purposes are defined as activities that substantially assist the criminal justice system, which may include circumstances where ancillary benefit to the civil justice system occurs, and which includes domestic violence services such as those provided by domestic violence programs, community advocates, and legal advocates, as defined in RCW 70.123.020. Existing funding for purposes of this subsection is defined as calendar year 1989 actual operating expenditures for criminal justice purposes. Calendar year 1989 actual operating expenditures for extraordinary events not likely to reoccur, changes in contract provisions for criminal justice services, beyond the control of the local jurisdiction receiving the services, and major nonrecurring capital expenditures.

- (2) In addition to the distributions under subsection (1) of this section:
- (a) Ten percent shall be distributed on a per capita basis to cities that contract with another governmental agency for the majority of the city's law enforcement services. Cities that subsequently qualify for this distribution shall notify the department of community, trade, and economic development by November 30th for the upcoming calendar year. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall provide a list of eligible cities to the state

treasurer by December 31st. The state treasurer shall modify the distribution of these funds in the following year. Cities have the responsibility to notify the department of community, trade, and economic development of any changes regarding these contractual relationships. Adjustments in the distribution formula to add or delete cities may be made only for the upcoming calendar year; no adjustments may be made retroactively.

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(b) The remaining fifty-four percent shall be distributed to cities and towns by the state treasurer on a per capita basis. These funds shall be used for: (i) Innovative law enforcement strategies; (ii) programs to help at-risk children or child abuse victim response programs; and (iii) programs designed to reduce the level of domestic violence or to provide counseling for domestic violence victims.

The moneys deposited in the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under this subsection, less any moneys appropriated for purposes under subsection (4) of this section, shall be distributed ((at the times as distributions are made under RCW 82.44.150)) quarterly during the months of January, April, July, and October. Moneys remaining undistributed under this subsection at the end of each calendar year shall be distributed to the criminal justice training commission to reimburse participating city law enforcement agencies with ten or fewer full-time commissioned patrol officers the cost of temporary replacement of each officer who is enrolled in basic law enforcement training, as provided in RCW 43.101.200.

If a city is found by the state auditor to have expended funds received under this subsection in a manner that does not comply with the criteria under which the moneys were received, the city shall be ineligible to receive future distributions under this subsection until the use of the moneys are justified to the satisfaction of the director or are repaid to the state general fund.

- (3) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, the distributions to any city that substantially decriminalizes or repeals its criminal code after July 1, 1990, and that does not reimburse the county for costs associated with criminal cases under RCW 3.50.800 or 3.50.805(2), shall be made to the county in which the city is located.
- (4) Not more than five percent of the funds deposited to the municipal criminal justice assistance account shall be available for appropriations for enhancements to the state patrol crime laboratory

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- system and the continuing costs related to these enhancements. Funds appropriated from this account for such enhancements shall not supplant
- 3 existing funds from the state general fund.

- Sec. 312. RCW 82.14.340 and 1995 c 309 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislative authority of any county may ((fix and)) impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter, provided that such sales and use tax is subject to repeal by referendum, using the procedures provided in RCW 82.14.036. The referendum procedure provided in RCW 82.14.036 is the exclusive method for subjecting any county sales and use tax ordinance or resolution to a referendum vote.
- (2) The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state pursuant to chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within such county. The rate of tax shall equal one-tenth of one percent ((of the selling price (in the case of a sales tax) or value of the article used (in the case of a use tax))).
- (3) When distributing moneys collected under the authority of this section, the state treasurer shall distribute ten percent of the moneys to the county in which the tax was collected. The remainder of the moneys collected under the authority of this section shall be distributed to the county and the cities within the county ratably based on population as last determined by the office of financial management. In making the distribution based on population, the county shall receive that proportion that the unincorporated population of the county bears to the total population of the county and each city shall receive that proportion that the city incorporated population bears to the total county population.
- (4) Moneys received from any tax imposed under the authority of this section shall be expended exclusively for criminal justice purposes and shall not be used to replace or supplant existing funding. Criminal justice purposes are defined as activities that substantially assist the criminal justice system, which may include circumstances where ancillary benefit to the civil justice system occurs, and which includes domestic violence services such as those provided by domestic

violence programs, community advocates, and legal advocates, as defined in RCW 70.123.020. Existing funding for purposes of this subsection is defined as calendar year 1989 actual operating expenditures for criminal justice purposes. Calendar year 1989 actual operating expenditures for criminal justice purposes exclude the following: Expenditures for extraordinary events not likely to reoccur, changes in contract provisions for criminal justice services, beyond the control jurisdiction receiving the services, and local nonrecurring capital expenditures.

- (5) In the expenditure of funds for criminal justice purposes as provided in this section, cities and counties, or any combination thereof, are expressly authorized to participate in agreements, pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW, to jointly expend funds for criminal justice purposes of mutual benefit. Such criminal justice purposes of mutual benefit include, but are not limited to, the construction, improvement, and expansion of jails, court facilities, and juvenile justice facilities.
 - Sec. 313. RCW 82.14.350 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 10 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) A county legislative authority in a county with a population of less than one million may submit an authorizing proposition to the county voters, and if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, ((fix and)) impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter for the purposes designated in subsection (3) of this section.
 - (2) The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax shall equal one-tenth of one percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax)).
- (3) Moneys received from any tax imposed under the authority of this section shall be used solely for the purpose of providing funds for costs associated with financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, reequipping, and improvement of juvenile detention facilities and jails.

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1 (4) Counties are authorized to develop joint ventures to colocate juvenile detention facilities and to colocate jails.

- Sec. 314. RCW 82.14.360 and 2000 c 103 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislative authority of a county with a population of one million or more may impose a special stadium sales and use tax upon the retail sale or use within the county by restaurants, taverns, and bars of food and beverages that are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW. The rate of the tax shall not exceed five-tenths of one percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used in the case of a use tax)). The tax ((imposed)) authorized under this subsection is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall not be credited against any other tax imposed upon the same taxable event. As used in this section, "restaurant" does not include grocery stores, mini-markets, or convenience stores.
- (2) The legislative authority of a county with a population of one million or more may impose a special stadium sales and use tax upon retail car rentals within the county that are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW. The rate of the tax shall not exceed two percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or rental value of the vehicle in the case of a use tax)). The tax ((imposed)) authorized under this subsection is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall not be credited against any other tax imposed upon the same taxable event.
- (3) The revenue from the taxes imposed under the authority of this section shall be used for the purpose of principal and interest payments on bonds, issued by the county, to acquire, construct, own, remodel, maintain, equip, reequip, repair, and operate a baseball stadium. Revenues from the taxes authorized in this section may be used for design and other preconstruction costs of the baseball stadium until bonds are issued for the baseball stadium. The county shall issue bonds, in an amount determined to be necessary by the public facilities district, for the district to acquire, construct, own, and equip the baseball stadium. The county shall have no obligation to issue bonds in an amount greater than that which would be supported by the tax revenues under this section, RCW 82.14.0485, and 36.38.010(4)

(a) and (b). If the revenue from the taxes imposed under the authority of this section exceeds the amount needed for such principal and interest payments in any year, the excess shall be used solely:

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- (a) For early retirement of the bonds issued for the baseball stadium; and
- (b) If the revenue from the taxes imposed under this section exceeds the amount needed for the purposes in (a) of this subsection in any year, the excess shall be placed in a contingency fund which may only be used to pay unanticipated capital costs on the baseball stadium, excluding any cost overruns on initial construction.
- (4) ((The taxes authorized under this section shall not be collected after June 30, 1997, unless the county executive has certified to the department of revenue that a professional major league baseball team has made a binding and legally enforceable contractual commitment to:
- (a) Play at least ninety percent of its home games in the stadium for a period of time not shorter than the term of the bonds issued to finance the initial construction of the stadium;
- (b) Contribute forty-five million dollars toward the reasonably necessary preconstruction costs including, but not limited to architectural, engineering, environmental, and legal services, and the cost of construction of the stadium, or to any associated public purpose separate from bond-financed property, including without limitation land acquisition, parking facilities, equipment, infrastructure, or other similar costs associated with the project, which contribution shall be made during a term not to exceed the term of the bonds issued to finance the initial construction of the stadium. If all or part of the contribution is made after the date of issuance of the bonds, the team shall contribute an additional amount equal to the accruing interest on the deferred portion of the contribution, calculated at the interest rate on the bonds maturing in the year in which the deferred contribution is made. No part of the contribution may be made without the consent of the county until a public facilities district is created under chapter 36.100 RCW to acquire, construct, own, remodel, maintain, equip, reequip, repair, and operate a baseball stadium. To the extent possible, contributions shall be structured in a manner that would allow for the issuance of bonds to construct the stadium that are exempt from federal income taxes; and

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(c) Share a portion of the profits generated by the baseball team from the operation of the professional franchise for a period of time equal to the term of the bonds issued to finance the initial construction of the stadium, after offsetting any losses incurred by the baseball team after the effective date of chapter 14, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess. Such profits and the portion to be shared shall be defined by agreement between the public facilities district and the baseball team. The shared profits shall be used to retire the bonds issued to finance the initial construction of the stadium. If the bonds are retired before the expiration of their term, the shared profits shall be paid to the public facilities district.

- (5) No tax may be collected under this section before January 1, 1996. Before collecting the taxes under this section or issuing bonds for a baseball stadium, the county shall create a public facilities district under chapter 36.100 RCW to acquire, construct, own, remodel, maintain, equip, reequip, repair, and operate a baseball stadium.
- (6) The county shall assemble such real property as the district determines to be necessary as a site for the baseball stadium. Property which is necessary for this purpose that is owned by the county on October 17, 1995, shall be contributed to the district, and property which is necessary for this purpose that is acquired by the county on or after October 17, 1995, shall be conveyed to the district.
- (7)) The proceeds of any bonds issued for the baseball stadium shall be provided to the district.
- $((\frac{(8)}{)})$ (5) As used in this section, "baseball stadium" means "baseball stadium" as defined in RCW 82.14.0485.
 - ((+9))) (6) The taxes imposed under the authority of this section shall expire when the bonds issued for the construction of the baseball stadium are retired, but not later than twenty years after the taxes are first collected.
- **Sec. 315.** RCW 82.14.370 and 2004 c 130 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 (1) The legislative authority of a rural county may impose a sales 34 and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The tax is 35 in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected 36 from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 37 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the

county. The rate of tax shall not exceed 0.08 percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax)), except that for rural counties with population densities between sixty and one hundred persons per square mile, the rate shall not exceed 0.04 percent before January 1, 2000.

- (2) The tax ((imposed)) authorized under subsection (1) of this section ((shall be deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or paid over to the department of revenue)) is a credit against the state tax under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the county and shall remit the tax to the county as provided in RCW 82.14.060.
- (3)(a) Moneys collected under the authority of this section shall only be used to finance public facilities serving economic development purposes in rural counties. The public facility must be listed as an item in the officially adopted county overall economic development plan, or the economic development section of the county's comprehensive plan, or the comprehensive plan of a city or town located within the county for those counties planning under RCW 36.70A.040. For those counties that do not have an adopted overall economic development plan and do not plan under the growth management act, the public facility must be listed in the county's capital facilities plan or the capital facilities plan of a city or town located within the county.
- (b) In implementing this section, the county shall consult with cities, towns, and port districts located within the county and the associate development organization serving the county to ensure that the expenditure meets the goals of chapter 130, Laws of 2004 and the requirements of (a) of this subsection. Each county collecting money under the authority of this section shall report to the office of the state auditor, no later than October 1st of each year, a list of new projects from the prior fiscal year, showing that the county has used the funds for those projects consistent with the goals of chapter 130, Laws of 2004 and the requirements of (a) of this subsection. Any projects financed prior to June 10, 2004, from the proceeds of obligations to which the tax imposed under the authority of subsection (1) of this section has been pledged shall not be deemed to be new projects under this subsection.

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- (c) For the purposes of this section, (i) "public facilities" means bridges, roads, domestic and industrial water facilities, sanitary sewer facilities, earth stabilization, storm sewer facilities, railroad, electricity, natural gas, buildings, structures, telecommunications infrastructure, transportation infrastructure, or commercial infrastructure, and port facilities in the state of Washington; and (ii) "economic development purposes" means those purposes which facilitate the creation or retention of businesses and jobs in a county.
 - (4) No tax may be collected under the authority of this section before July 1, 1998. No tax may be collected under the authority of this section by a county more than twenty-five years after the date that a tax is first imposed under this section.
 - (5) For purposes of this section, "rural county" means a county with a population density of less than one hundred persons per square mile or a county smaller than two hundred twenty-five square miles as determined by the office of financial management and published each year by the department for the period July 1st to June 30th.
- **Sec. 316.** RCW 82.14.390 and 2002 c 363 s 4 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, the governing body of a public facilities district created before July 31, 2002, under chapter 35.57 or 36.100 RCW that commences construction of a new regional center, or improvement or rehabilitation of an existing new regional center, before January 1, 2004, may impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the public facilities district. The rate of tax shall not exceed 0.033 percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax)).
 - (2) The tax ((imposed)) <u>authorized</u> under subsection (1) of this section ((shall be deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or paid over to the department of revenue)) is a credit against the state tax under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department

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of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the public facilities district and shall remit the tax to the district as provided in RCW 82.14.060.

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- (3) ((No tax may be collected under this section before August 1, 2000.)) The tax imposed ((in)) under the authority of this section shall expire when the bonds issued for the construction of the regional center and related parking facilities are retired, but not more than twenty-five years after the tax is first collected.
- (4) Moneys collected under the authority of this section shall only be used for the purposes set forth in RCW 35.57.020 and must be matched with an amount from other public or private sources equal to thirtythree percent of the amount collected under the authority of this section, provided that amounts generated from nonvoter approved taxes authorized under chapter 35.57 RCW or nonvoter approved taxes authorized under chapter 36.100 RCW shall not constitute a public or private source. For the purpose of this section, public or private sources includes, but is not limited to cash or in-kind contributions used in all phases of the development or improvement of the regional center, land that is donated and used for the siting of the regional center, cash or in-kind contributions from public or private foundations, or amounts attributed to private sector partners as part of a public and private partnership agreement negotiated by the public facilities district.
 - (5) The combined total tax ((levied)) imposed under the authority of this section shall not be greater than 0.033 percent. If both a public facilities district created under chapter 35.57 RCW and a public facilities district created under chapter 36.100 RCW impose a tax under the authority of this section, the tax imposed by a public facilities district created under chapter 35.57 RCW shall be credited against the tax imposed by a public facilities district created under chapter 36.100 RCW.
- 32 (6) A public facilities district created under chapter 36.100 RCW 33 is not eligible to impose the tax <u>authorized</u> under this section if the 34 legislative authority of the county where the public facilities 35 district is located has imposed a sales and use tax under RCW 36 82.14.0485 or 82.14.0494.

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Sec. 317. RCW 82.14.400 and 2000 c 240 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) Upon the joint request of a metropolitan park district, a city with a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand, and a county legislative authority in a county with a national park and a population of more than five hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand, the county shall submit an authorizing proposition to the county voters, ((fixing and)) imposing a sales and use tax in accordance with this chapter for the purposes designated in subsection (4) of this section and identified in the joint request. Such proposition must be placed on a ballot for a special or general election to be held no later than one year after the date of the joint request.
- (2) The proposition is approved if it receives the votes of a majority of those voting on the proposition.
 - (3) The tax authorized in this section is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax shall equal no more than one-tenth of one percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax)).
 - (4) Moneys received from any tax imposed under the authority of this section shall be used solely for the purpose of providing funds for:
 - (a) Costs associated with financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, reequipping, or improvement of zoo, aquarium, and wildlife preservation and display facilities that are currently accredited by the American zoo and aquarium association; or
 - (b) Those costs associated with (a) of this subsection and costs related to parks located within a county described in subsection (1) of this section.
 - (5) The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the county. In lieu of the charge for the administration and collection of local sales and use taxes under RCW 82.14.050 from which the county is exempt under this subsection (5), a percentage of the tax revenues authorized by this

- section equal to one-half of the maximum percentage provided in RCW 82.14.050 shall be transferred annually to the department of community, trade, and economic development, or its successor agency, from the funds allocated under subsection (6)(b) of this section for a period of twelve years from the first date of distribution of funds under subsection (6)(b) of this section. The department of community, trade, and economic development, or its successor agency, shall use funds transferred to it pursuant to this subsection (5) to provide, operate, and maintain community-based housing under chapter 43.185 RCW for persons who are mentally ill.
 - (6) If the joint request and the authorizing proposition include provisions for funding those costs included within subsection (4)(b) of this section, the tax revenues authorized by this section shall be allocated annually as follows:

- (a) Fifty percent to the zoo and aquarium advisory authority; and
- (b) Fifty percent to be distributed on a per capita basis as set out in the most recent population figures for unincorporated and incorporated areas only within that county, as determined by the office of financial management, solely for parks, as follows: To any metropolitan park district, to cities and towns not contained within a metropolitan park district, and the remainder to the county. Moneys received under this subsection (6)(b) by a county may not be used to replace or supplant existing per capita funding.
- (7) Funds shall be distributed annually by the county treasurer to the county, and cities and towns located within the county, in the manner set out in subsection (6)(b) of this section.
- (8) Prior to expenditure of any funds received by the county under subsection (6)(b) of this section, the county shall establish a process which considers needs throughout the unincorporated areas of the county in consultation with community advisory councils established by ordinance.
- (9) By December 31, 2005, and thereafter, the county or any city with a population greater than eighty thousand must provide at least one dollar match for every two dollars received under this section.
- (10) Properties subject to a memorandum of agreement between the federal bureau of land management, the advisory council on historic preservation, and the Washington state historic preservation officer

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have priority for funding from money received under subsection (6)(b) of this section for implementation of the stipulations in the memorandum of agreement.

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- (a) At least one hundred thousand dollars of the first four years of allocations under subsection (6)(b) of this section, to be matched by the county or city with one dollar for every two dollars received, shall be used to implement the stipulations of the memorandum of agreement and for other historical, archaeological, architectural, and cultural preservation and improvements related to the properties.
- 10 (b) The amount in (a) of this subsection shall come equally from 11 the allocations to the county and to the city in which the properties 12 are located, unless otherwise agreed to by the county and the city.
- 13 (c) The amount in (a) of this subsection shall not be construed to 14 displace or be offered in lieu of any lease payment from a county or 15 city to the state for the properties in question.
- 16 **Sec. 318.** RCW 82.14.420 and 2002 c 176 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) A county legislative authority may submit an authorizing proposition to the county voters, and if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, ((fix and)) impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter for the purposes designated in subsection (3) of this section.
 - (2) The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax shall equal one-tenth of one percent ((of the selling price in the case of sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax)).
 - (3) Moneys received from any tax imposed under the authority of this section shall be used solely for the purpose of providing funds for costs associated with financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, reequipping, and improvement of emergency communication systems and facilities.
 - (4) Counties are authorized to develop joint ventures to collocate emergency communication systems and facilities.
- 36 (5) Prior to submitting the tax authorization in subsection (2) of 37 this section to the voters in a county that provides emergency

communication services to a governmental agency pursuant to a contract, the parties to the contract shall review and negotiate or affirm the terms of the contract.

- (6) Prior to submitting the tax authorized in subsection (2) of this section to the voters, a county with a population of more than five hundred thousand in which any city over fifty thousand operates emergency communication systems and facilities shall enter into an interlocal agreement with the city to determine distribution of the revenue provided in this section.
- **Sec. 319.** RCW 82.14.430 and 2002 c 56 s 405 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
 - (1) If approved by the majority of the voters within its boundaries voting on the ballot proposition, a regional transportation investment district may impose a sales and use tax of up to 0.5 percent ((of the selling price or value of the article used in the case of a use tax)). The tax authorized by this section is in addition to the tax authorized by RCW 82.14.030 and must be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the taxing district. Motor vehicles are exempt from the sales and use tax imposed under this subsection.
 - (2) If approved by the majority of the voters within its boundaries voting on the ballot proposition, a regional transportation investment district may impose a tax on the use of a motor vehicle within a regional transportation investment district. The tax applies to those persons who reside within the regional transportation investment district. The rate of the tax may not exceed 0.5 percent ((of the value of the motor vehicle)). The tax authorized by this subsection is in addition to the tax authorized under RCW 82.14.030 and must be imposed and collected at the time a taxable event under RCW 82.08.020(1) or 82.12.020 takes place. All revenue received under this subsection must be deposited in the local sales and use tax account and distributed to the regional transportation investment district according to RCW 82.14.050. The following provisions apply to the use tax in this subsection:
 - (a) Where persons are taxable under chapter 82.08 RCW, the seller

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- shall collect the use tax from the buyer using the collection provisions of RCW 82.08.050.
- 3 (b) Where persons are taxable under chapter 82.12 RCW, the use tax 4 must be collected using the provisions of RCW 82.12.045.
 - (c) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning provided in RCW 46.04.320, but does not include farm tractors or farm vehicles as defined in RCW 46.04.180 and 46.04.181, off-road and nonhighway vehicles as defined in RCW 46.09.020, and snowmobiles as defined in RCW 46.10.010.
 - (d) "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030.

- 10 (e) The value of a motor vehicle must be determined under RCW 11 82.12.010.
- (f) Except as specifically stated in this subsection (2), chapters 82.12 and 82.32 RCW apply to the use tax. The use tax is a local tax imposed under the authority of this chapter ((82.14 RCW)), and this chapter ((82.14 RCW)) applies fully to the use tax.
- **Sec. 320.** RCW 82.14.440 and 2003 c 83 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Public transportation benefit areas providing passenger-only ferry service as provided in RCW 36.57A.200 whose boundaries (((1))) (a) are on the Puget Sound, but (((2))) (b) do not include an area where a regional transit authority has been formed, may submit an authorizing proposition to the voters and, if approved by a majority of persons voting, ((fix and)) impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter, solely for the purpose of providing passenger-only ferry service.
 - (2) The tax authorized by this section is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and must be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of a taxable event within the taxing district. The maximum rate of the tax must be approved by the voters and may not exceed fourtenths of one percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax)).
- **Sec. 321.** RCW 82.14.450 and 2003 1st sp.s. c 24 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) A county legislative authority may submit an authorizing 36 proposition to the county voters at a primary or general election and,

if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The title of each ballot measure must clearly state the purposes for which the proposed sales and use tax will be used. Funds raised under this tax shall not supplant existing funds used for these purposes. The rate of tax <u>authorized</u> under this section shall not exceed three-tenths of one percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax)).

- (2) The tax authorized in this section is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county.
- (3) The retail sale or use of motor vehicles, and the lease of motor vehicles for up to the first thirty-six months of the lease, are exempt from tax imposed under this section.
- (4) One-third of all money received under this section shall be used solely for criminal justice purposes. For the purposes of this subsection, "criminal justice purposes" means additional police protection, mitigation of congested court systems, or relief of overcrowded jails or other local correctional facilities.
- (5) Money received under the authority of this section shall be shared between the county and the cities as follows: Sixty percent shall be retained by the county and forty percent shall be distributed on a per capita basis to cities in the county.
- **Sec. 322.** RCW 82.14.460 and 2005 c 504 s 804 are each amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) A county legislative authority may ((authorize, fix, and))
 28 impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this
 29 chapter.
 - (2) The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax shall equal one-tenth of one percent ((of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax)).

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(3) Moneys collected under the authority of this section shall be used solely for the purpose of providing new or expanded chemical dependency or mental health treatment services and for the operation of new or expanded therapeutic court programs. Moneys collected under the authority of this section shall not be used to supplant existing funding for these purposes.

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- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 323. (1) Any fund balance remaining in the 8 county sales and use tax equalization account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the distressed county assistance account, 9 and the city police and fire protection assistance account, as of July 10 11 1, 2006, shall be transferred by the state treasurer into the city-county assistance account. The county sales and use tax 12 equalization account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization 13 account, the distressed county assistance account, and the city police 14 15 and fire protection assistance account shall cease to exist after July 16 1, 2006.
- 17 (2) Any loan repayments of funds borrowed from the municipal sales 18 and use tax equalization account under RCW 35.02.135 shall be deposited 19 by the state treasurer into the city-county assistance account.
- 20 Sec. 324. RCW 43.84.092 and 2005 c 514 s 1106, 2005 c 353 s 4, 21 2005 c 339 s 23, 2005 c 314 s 110, 2005 c 312 s 8, and 2005 c 94 s 2 22 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.
 - (2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds

between accounts as deemed necessary to implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

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- (3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:
- The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the common school construction fund, the county criminal justice assistance account, ((the county sales and use tax equalization account,)) the data processing building construction account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the developmental disabilities community trust account, the drinking water assistance account, the drinking water assistance administrative account, the drinking water assistance repayment account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the education construction fund, the education legacy trust account, the election account, the emergency reserve fund, Evergreen State College capital projects account, the federal forest revolving account, the freight mobility investment account, the health services account, the public health services account, the health system capacity account, the personal health services account, the state higher education construction account, the higher education

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construction account, the highway infrastructure account, the high-1 2 occupancy toll lanes operations account, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial 3 retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal 4 5 account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the medical 6 7 aid account, the mobile home park relocation fund, the multimodal transportation account, the municipal criminal justice assistance 8 account, ((the municipal sales and use tax equalization account,)) the 9 10 natural resources deposit account, the oyster reserve land account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' 11 12 retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' retirement 13 system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the public facilities 14 construction loan revolving account beginning July 1, 2004, the public health supplemental account, the public works assistance account, the 15 16 Puyallup tribal settlement account, the real estate appraiser 17 commission account, the regional transportation investment district account, the resource management cost account, the rural Washington 18 loan fund, the site closure account, the small city pavement and 19 sidewalk account, the special wildlife account, the state employees' 20 21 insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the 22 state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the supplemental pension account, the 23 24 Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account, the teachers' retirement system 25 plan 1 account, the teachers' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the tobacco prevention and control account, the tobacco 26 27 settlement account, the transportation infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the tuition recovery trust fund, 28 the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of 29 Washington building account, the volunteer fire fighters' and reserve 30 officers' relief and pension principal fund, the volunteer fire 31 fighters' and reserve officers' administrative fund, the Washington 32 fruit express account, the Washington judicial retirement system 33 account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' 34 system plan 1 retirement account, the Washington law enforcement 35 36 officers' and fire fighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the 37 Washington public safety employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 38

account, the Washington state health insurance pool account, the 1 2 Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond 3 retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving fund, and the 4 Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings 5 derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the 6 7 normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund 8 9 shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts. All 10 earnings to be distributed under this subsection (4)(a) shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund 11 12 pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

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- (b) The following accounts and funds shall receive eighty percent of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance for the period: The aeronautics account, aircraft search and rescue account, the county arterial preservation account, the department of licensing services account, the essential rail assistance account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the grade crossing protective fund, the high capacity transportation account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway safety account, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the pilotage account, the public transportation systems account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the recreational vehicle account, the rural arterial trust account, the safety and education account, the special category C account, the state patrol highway account, the transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, the transportation improvement board bond retirement account, and the urban arterial trust account.
- 31 (5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state 32 Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings 33 without the specific affirmative directive of this section.
- 34 **Sec. 325.** RCW 82.44.160 and 1999 c 309 s 931 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 ((Before distributing moneys to the cities and towns from the city
 37 police and fire protection assistance account, as provided in RCW

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82.44.155, and from the municipal sales and use tax equalization 1 2 account, as provided in RCW 82.14.210, the state treasurer shall, on the first day of July of each year, make an annual deduction therefrom 3 of a sum equal to one-half of the biennial appropriation made pursuant 4 5 to this section, which amount shall be at least seven cents per capita of the population of all cities or towns as legally certified on that 6 7 date, determined as provided in RCW 82.44.150, which sum shall be apportioned and transmitted to the municipal research council, herein 8 created. Sixty-five percent of the annual deduction shall be from the 9 10 distribution to cities and towns under RCW 82.44.155, and thirty-five percent of the annual deduction shall be from the distribution to the 11 12 municipal sales and use tax equalization account under RCW 82.14.210.)) 13 The municipal research council may contract with and allocate moneys to 14 any state agency, educational institution, or private consulting firm, which in its judgment is qualified to carry on a municipal research and 15 Moneys may be utilized to match federal funds 16 service program. 17 available for technical research and service programs to cities and Moneys allocated shall be used for studies and research in 18 municipal government, publications, educational, conferences, and 19 attendance thereat, and in furnishing technical, consultative, and 20 21 field services to cities and towns in problems relating to planning, 22 public health, municipal sanitation, fire protection, law enforcement, postwar improvements, and public works, and in all matters relating to 23 24 city and town government. The programs shall be carried on and all 25 expenditures shall be made in cooperation with the cities and towns of the state acting through the Association of Washington Cities by its 26 27 board of directors which is hereby recognized as their official agency or instrumentality. 28

Funds ((deducted under this section shall be deposited in the treasury in the general fund, and)) shall be disbursed by warrant or check to contracting parties on invoices or vouchers certified by the chair of the municipal research council or his or her designee. Payments to public agencies may be made in advance of actual work contracted for, in the discretion of the council.

((Sixty-five percent of any moneys remaining unexpended or uncontracted for by the municipal research council at the end of any fiscal biennium shall be returned to the city police and fire

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- protection assistance account and be paid to cities and towns under RCW 82.44.155. The remaining thirty-five percent shall be deposited into
- 3 the municipal sales and use tax equalization account.))

Sec. 326. RCW 43.62.010 and 1990 c 42 s 317 are each amended to read as follows:

If the state or any of its political subdivisions, or other agencies, use the population studies services of the office of financial management or the successor thereto, the state, its political subdivision, or other agencies utilizing such services shall pay for the cost of rendering such services. ((Expenditures shall be paid out of funds allocated to cities and towns under RCW 82.44.155 and shall be paid from said fund before any allocations or payments are made to cities and towns under RCW 82.44.155.))

- **Sec. 327.** RCW 70.05.125 and 1998 c 266 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The county public health account is created in the state treasury. Funds deposited in the county public health account shall be distributed by the state treasurer to each local public health jurisdiction based upon amounts certified to it by the department of community, trade, and economic development in consultation with the Washington state association of counties. The account shall include ((funds distributed under RCW 82.44.110 and 82.14.200(8) and such)) funds ((as are)) appropriated to the account from the health services account under RCW 43.72.900, the public health services account under RCW 43.72.902, and such other funds as the legislature may appropriate to it.
 - (2)(a) The director of the department of community, trade, and economic development shall certify the amounts to be distributed to each local public health jurisdiction using 1995 as the base year of actual city contributions to local public health.
 - (b) ((Only if funds are available and in an amount no greater than available funds under RCW 82.14.200(8), the department of community, trade, and economic development shall adjust the amount certified under (a) of this subsection to compensate for any annexation of an area with fifty thousand residents or more to any city as a result of a petition during calendar year 1996 or 1997, or for any city that became newly

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incorporated as a result of an election during calendar year 1994 or 1995. The amount to be adjusted shall be equal to the amount which otherwise would have been lost to the health jurisdiction due to the annexation or incorporation as calculated using the jurisdiction's 1995 funding formula.

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- (c))) The county treasurer shall certify the actual 1995 city contribution to the department. Funds in excess of the base shall be distributed proportionately among the health jurisdictions based on incorporated population figures as last determined by the office of financial management.
- 11 (3) Moneys distributed under this section shall be expended 12 exclusively for local public health purposes.
- 13 **Sec. 328.** RCW 53.08.090 and 1994 c 26 s 1 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
- 15 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ A port commission may, by resolution, authorize the 16 managing official of a port district to sell and convey port district 17 property of ten thousand dollars or less in value. The authority shall be in force for not more than one calendar year from the date of 18 19 resolution and may be renewed from year to year. Prior to any such sale or conveyance the managing official shall itemize and list the 20 21 property to be sold and make written certification to the commission 22 that the listed property is no longer needed for district purposes. Any large block of the property having a value in excess of ten 23 24 thousand dollars shall not be broken down into components of ten thousand dollars or less value and sold in the smaller components 25 26 unless the smaller components be sold by public competitive bid. port district may sell and convey any of its real or personal property 27 valued at more than ten thousand dollars when the port commission has, 28 by resolution, declared the property to be no longer needed for 29 30 district purposes, but no property which is a part of the comprehensive 31 plan of improvement or modification thereof shall be disposed of until the comprehensive plan has been modified to find the property surplus 32 to port needs. The comprehensive plan shall be modified only after 33 public notice and hearing provided by RCW 53.20.010. 34

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to repeal or modify procedures for property sales within industrial development districts as set forth in chapter 53.25 RCW.

- 1 ((2) The ten thousand dollar figures in subsection (1) of this 2 section shall be adjusted annually based upon the governmental price 3 index established by the department of revenue under RCW 82.14.200.))
- 4 **Sec. 329.** RCW 43.160.220 and 1998 c 321 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The distressed county public facilities construction loan account 6 7 is created in the state treasury. ((All funds provided under RCW 8 82.14.200 shall be deposited in the account.)) Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Moneys in the account shall 9 only be used to provide financial assistance under this chapter to 10 11 distressed counties that have experienced extraordinary costs due to the location of a major new business facility or the substantial 12 expansion of an existing business facility in the county. 13

For purposes of this section, the term "distressed counties" includes any county in which the average level of unemployment for the three years before the year in which an application for financial assistance is filed exceeds the average state employment for those years by twenty percent.

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- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 330.** The following acts or parts of acts are 20 each repealed:
- 21 (1) RCW 82.14.032 (Alteration of tax rate pursuant to government 22 service agreement) and 1994 c 266 s 11;
 - (2) RCW 82.14.034 (Alteration of county's share of city's tax receipts pursuant to government service agreement) and 1994 c 266 s 12;
- 25 (3) RCW 82.14.046 (Sales and use tax equalization payments from local transit taxes) and 1998 c 321 s 37, 1995 c 298 s 1, & 1994 c 241 s 2;
- 28 (4) RCW 82.14.070 (Uniformity--Rule making--Model ordinance) and 29 2003 c 168 s 202, 2000 c 104 s 5, & 1970 ex.s. c 94 s 10;
- 30 (5) RCW 82.14.200 (County sales and use tax equalization account--31 Allocation procedure) and 2003 1st sp.s. c 25 s 941, 1998 c 321 s 8, 32 1997 c 333 s 2, 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 15, 1990 c 42 s 313, 1985 c 57 s 82, 33 1984 c 225 s 5, 1983 c 99 s 1, & 1982 1st ex.s. c 49 s 21;
- 34 (6) RCW 82.14.210 (Municipal sales and use tax equalization account--Allocation procedure) and 2003 1st sp.s. c 25 s 942, 1996 c 64

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- s 1, 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 16, 1990 2nd ex.s. c 1 s 701, 1990 c 42 s 314, 1 2 1985 c 57 s 83, 1984 c 225 s 2, & 1982 1st ex.s. c 49 s 22;
- (7) RCW 82.14.212 (Transfer of funds pursuant to government service 3 agreement) and 1994 c 266 s 13; 4
 - (8) RCW 82.14.220 (Figures for apportionments and distributions under RCW 82.14.200 and 82.14.210) and 1984 c 225 s 4;
- 7 (9) RCW 82.14.380 (Distressed county assistance account--Created--Distributions) and 1999 c 311 s 201 & 1998 c 321 s 10; 8
- 9 (10) RCW 35.02.135 (Newly incorporated city or town--May borrow from municipal sales and use tax equalization account) and 1991 c 360 10 11 s 5; and
- 12 (11) RCW 82.44.155 (City police and fire protection assistance 13 account -- Distribution to cities and towns -- Apportionment) and 1998 c 321 s 40, 1993 c 492 s 254, 1991 c 199 s 223, & 1990 c 42 s 309. 14

15 PART IV

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RETAIL SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTIONS

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. A new section is added to chapter 82.12 17 RCW, to be codified between RCW 82.12.024 and 82.12.0251, to read as 18 19 follows:
- 20 (1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 does not apply to the use of 21 any article of tangible personal property, service, or extended 22 warranty, if the article, service, or extended warranty is specifically 23 described in and used solely by a person and solely for the purposes specified in RCW 82.08.02525, 82.08.0252, 82.08.0253, 82.08.02537, 24 25 82.08.02567, 82.08.02568, 82.08.02569, 82.08.0256, 82.08.0257, 82.08.0258, 82.08.0259, 82.08.0267, 82.08.0272, 82.08.0274, 82.08.0275, 26 27 82.08.0277, 82.08.0278, 82.08.02795, 82.08.02805, 82.08.02806, 82.08.02807, 82.08.0281, 82.08.0282, 82.08.0283, 82.08.0285, 28 29 82.08.0288, 82.08.0291, 82.08.02915, 82.08.0293, 82.08.0294, 30 82.08.0296, 82.08.0297, 82.08.0298, 82.08.031, 82.08.0311, 82.08.0316, 82.08.032, 82.08.033, 82.08.034, 82.08.803, 82.08.804, 82.08.806, 31
- 82.08.808, 82.08.809, 82.08.813, 82.08.832, 82.08.841, 82.08.880, 32
- 82.08.890, 82.08.900, 82.08.910, 82.08.920, 82.08.925, 82.08.935, 33
- 34 82.08.940, 82.08.945, 82.08.950, 82.08.955, 82.08.975, or 82.08.985.
- 35 (2) Subsection (1) of this section is in addition to the specific

exemptions from the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 provided in other provisions of this or any other chapter.

Sec. 402. RCW 82.08.0266 and 1999 c 358 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

5 The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales to 6 nonresidents of this state for use outside of this state of watercraft 7 requiring coast guard registration or registration by the state of principal use according to the Federal Boating Act of 1958, even though 8 9 delivery be made within this state, but only when (1) the watercraft will not be used within this state for more than forty-five days and 10 11 (2) an appropriate exemption certificate supported by identification 12 ascertaining residence as required by the department ((of revenue)) and signed by the ((purchaser)) buyer or ((his)) the buyer's agent 13 establishing the fact that the ((purchaser)) buyer is a nonresident and 14 15 that the watercraft is for use outside of this state, a copy of which 16 shall be retained by the ((dealer)) seller.

- 17 **Sec. 403.** RCW 82.08.02665 and 1999 c 358 s 6 are each amended to 18 read as follows:
- 19 (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of vessels to residents of foreign countries for use outside of this state, even though delivery is made within this state, but only if $((\frac{1}{1}))$:
 - (a) The vessel will not be used within this state for more than forty-five days; and
 - (((2))) <u>(b)</u> An appropriate exemption certificate supported by identification as required by the department ((of revenue)) and signed by the ((purchaser)) <u>buyer</u> or the ((purchaser's)) <u>buyer's</u> agent establishes the fact that the ((purchaser)) <u>buyer</u> is a resident of a foreign country and that the vessel is for use outside of this state. A copy of the exemption certificate is to be retained by the ((dealer))
- 31 <u>seller</u>.

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32 (2) As used in this section, "vessel" means every watercraft used 33 or capable of being used as a means of transportation on the water, 34 other than a seaplane.

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- 1 **Sec. 404.** RCW 82.12.0284 and 2003 c 168 s 603 are each amended to read as follows:
- The provisions of this chapter shall not apply in respect to the use of computers, computer components, computer accessories, or
- 5 computer software irrevocably donated to any public or private
- 6 nonprofit school or college, as defined under chapter 84.36 RCW, in
- 7 this state. For purposes of this section, "computer" ((has)) and
- 8 <u>"computer software" have</u> the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.215.
- 9 **Sec. 405.** RCW 82.08.02569 and 1996 c 113 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- 11 The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales of
- 12 tangible personal property to a consumer as defined in RCW
- 13 82.04.190($(\frac{(6)}{(6)})$) $\underline{(1)(f)}$ if the tangible personal property is
- 14 incorporated into, installed in, or attached to a building or other
- 15 structure that is an integral part of a laser interferometer
- 16 gravitational wave observatory on which construction is commenced
- 17 before December 1, 1996.
- 18 **Sec. 406.** RCW 82.08.02917 and 1995 c 346 s 3 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
- For the purposes of RCW 82.08.02915 (($\frac{\text{and }82.12.02915}{\text{o}}$)), "youth in
- 21 crisis" means any youth under eighteen years of age who is either:
- 22 Homeless; a runaway from the home of a parent, guardian, or legal
- 23 custodian; abused; neglected; abandoned by a parent, guardian, or legal
- 24 custodian; or suffering from a substance abuse or mental disorder.
- 25 **Sec. 407.** RCW 82.08.832 and 1998 c 178 s 1 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of gun safes.
- 29 (2) As used in this section (($\frac{\text{and }RCW }{82.12.832}$)), "gun safe" means
- 30 an enclosure specifically designed or modified for the purpose of
- 31 storing a firearm and equipped with a padlock, key lock, combination
- 32 lock, or similar locking device which, when locked, prevents the
- 33 unauthorized use of the firearm.

Sec. 408. RCW 82.08.880 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 17 s 1 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales to farmers or to veterinarians of animal pharmaceuticals approved by the United States department of agriculture or by the United States food and drug administration, if the pharmaceutical is to be administered to an animal that is raised by a farmer for the purpose of producing for sale an agricultural product.
- 9 (2) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the 10 seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by 11 the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for 12 the seller's files.
- 13 (3) For the purposes of this section ((and RCW 82.12.880)), the following definitions apply:
- 15 (a) "Farmer" and "agricultural product" mean the same as in RCW 82.04.213.
- 17 (b) "Veterinarian" means a person who is licensed to practice 18 veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry under chapter 18.92 RCW.
- **Sec. 409.** RCW 82.08.890 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 2 are each 20 amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales to eligible persons of services rendered in respect to operating, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving of dairy nutrient management equipment and facilities, or to sales of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment and facilities. The equipment and facilities must be used exclusively for activities necessary to maintain a dairy nutrient management plan as required under chapter 90.64 RCW. This exemption applies to sales made after the dairy nutrient management plan is certified under chapter 90.64 RCW.
 - (2)(a) The department of revenue must provide an exemption certificate to an eligible person upon application by that person. The department of agriculture must provide a list of eligible persons to the department of revenue. The application must be in a form and manner prescribed by the department and must contain information regarding the location of the dairy and other information the department may require.

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1 (b) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the 2 seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by 3 the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for 4 the seller's files.

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- (3) The definitions in this subsection apply to this section ((and RCW 82.12.890)) unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- (a) "Dairy nutrient management equipment and facilities" means machinery, equipment, and structures used in the handling and treatment of dairy manure, such as aerators, agitators, alley scrapers, augers, dams, gutter cleaners, loaders, lagoons, pipes, pumps, separators, and tanks. The term also includes tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment and facilities, including repair and replacement parts.
- (b) "Eligible person" means a person licensed to produce milk under chapter 15.36 RCW who has a certified dairy nutrient management plan by December 31, 2003, as required by chapter 90.64 RCW.
 - Sec. 410. RCW 82.08.900 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales to an eligible person establishing or operating an anaerobic digester or to services rendered in respect to installing, constructing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving an anaerobic digester, or to sales of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of the anaerobic digester. The anaerobic digester must be used primarily to treat dairy manure.
 - (2)(a) The department of revenue must provide an exemption certificate to an eligible person upon application by that person. The application must be in a form and manner prescribed by the department and must contain information regarding the location of the facility and other information as the department may require.
- 31 (b) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the 32 seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by 33 the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for 34 the seller's files.
- 35 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply to this section ((and 36 RCW 82.12.900)) unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

1 (a) "Anaerobic digester" means a facility that processes manure 2 from cattle into biogas and dried manure using microorganisms in a 3 decomposition process within a closed, oxygen-free container.

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- (b) "Eligible person" means any person establishing or operating an anaerobic digester to treat primarily dairy manure.
- 6 (c) "Primarily" means more than fifty percent measured by volume or weight.
- 8 **Sec. 411.** RCW 82.08.910 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 25 s 3 are each 9 amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales to farmers of propane or natural gas used to heat structures used to house chickens. The propane or natural gas must be used exclusively to heat the structures. The structures must be used exclusively to house chickens that are sold as agricultural products.
- 15 (2) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the 16 seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by 17 the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for 18 the seller's files.
- 19 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply to this section (($\frac{\text{and}}{\text{20}}$ RCW 82.12.910)).
- 21 (a) "Structures" means barns, sheds, and other similar buildings in 22 which chickens are housed.
 - (b) "Farmer" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.213.
- 24 (c) "Agricultural product" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.213.
- 26 **Sec. 412.** RCW 82.08.920 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 25 s 5 are each 27 amended to read as follows:
- 28 (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales to a 29 farmer of bedding materials used to accumulate and facilitate the 30 removal of chicken manure. The farmer must be raising chickens that 31 are sold as agricultural products.
- 32 (2) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the 33 seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by 34 the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for 35 the seller's files.

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- 1 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply to this section (($\frac{\text{and}}{2}$) $\frac{\text{RCW } 82.12.920}{\text{C}}$).
- 3 (a) "Bedding materials" means wood shavings, straw, sawdust, 4 shredded paper, and other similar materials.
 - (b) "Farmer" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.213.
- 6 (c) "Agricultural product" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.213.

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- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 413.** The following acts or parts of acts are 9 each repealed:
- 10 (1) RCW 82.12.02525 (Exemptions--Sale of copied public records by state and local agencies) and 1996 c 63 s 2;
- 12 (2) RCW 82.12.0253 (Exemptions--Use of tangible personal property 13 taxable under chapter 82.16 RCW) and 1980 c 37 s 53;
- 14 (3) RCW 82.12.02567 (Exemptions--Use of machinery and equipment 15 used in generating electricity) and 2004 c 152 s 2, 2003 c 5 s 6, 2001 16 c 213 s 2, 1999 c 358 s 10, 1998 c 309 s 2, & 1996 c 166 s 2;
 - (4) RCW 82.12.02568 (Exemptions--Use of carbon and similar substances that become an ingredient or component of anodes or cathodes used in producing aluminum for sale) and 1996 c 170 s 2;
- 20 (5) RCW 82.12.02569 (Exemptions--Use of tangible personal property 21 related to a building or structure that is an integral part of a laser 22 interferometer gravitational wave observatory) and 1996 c 113 s 2;
 - (6) RCW 82.12.0257 (Exemptions--Use of tangible personal property of the operating property of a public utility by state or political subdivision) and 1980 c 37 s 57;
 - (7) RCW 82.12.0258 (Exemptions--Use of tangible personal property previously used in farming and purchased from farmer at auction) and 1980 c 37 s 58;
- 29 (8) RCW 82.12.0259 (Exemptions--Use of tangible personal property 30 by federal corporations providing aid and relief) and 2003 c 5 s 7 & 1980 c 37 s 59;
- 32 (9) RCW 82.12.0261 (Exemptions--Use of livestock) and 2001 c 118 s 33 5 & 1980 c 37 s 60;
- 34 (10) RCW 82.12.0262 (Exemptions--Use of poultry for producing poultry and poultry products for sale) and 1980 c 37 s 61;
- 36 (11) RCW 82.12.0267 (Exemptions--Use of semen in artificial insemination of livestock) and 1980 c 37 s 66;

- 1 (12) RCW 82.12.0268 (Exemptions--Use of form lumber by persons 2 engaged in constructing, repairing, etc., structures for consumers) and 3 1980 c 37 s 67;
- 4 (13) RCW 82.12.0269 (Exemptions--Use of sand, gravel, or rock to 5 extent of labor and service charges for mining, sorting, crushing, 6 etc., thereof from county or city quarry for public road purposes) and 7 1980 c 37 s 68;
- 8 (14) RCW 82.12.0271 (Exemptions--Use of wearing apparel only as a sample for display for sale) and 1980 c 37 s 69;
- 10 (15) RCW 82.12.0273 (Exemptions--Use of pollen) and 1980 c 37 s 71;
- 11 (16) RCW 82.12.0274 (Exemptions--Use of tangible personal property 12 by political subdivision resulting from annexation or incorporation) 13 and 1980 c 37 s 72;
- 14 (17) RCW 82.12.02745 (Exemptions--Use by free hospitals of certain 15 items) and 1993 c 205 s 2;
- 16 (18) RCW 82.12.02747 (Exemptions--Use of medical products by qualifying blood, tissue, or blood and tissue banks) and 2004 c 82 s 3 18 & 1995 2nd sp.s. c 9 s 5;
- 19 (19) RCW 82.12.02748 (Exemptions--Use of human blood, tissue, 20 organs, bodies, or body parts for medical research or quality control 21 testing) and 1996 c 141 s 2;
- (20) RCW 82.12.02749 (Exemptions--Use of medical supplies, chemicals, or materials by organ procurement organization) and 2002 c 113 s 3;
- 25 (21) RCW 82.12.0275 (Exemptions--Use of certain drugs or family 26 planning devices) and 2003 c 168 s 406, 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 309, & 1980 c 37 s 73;
- 28 (22) RCW 82.12.0276 (Exemptions--Use of returnable containers for 29 beverages and foods) and 1980 c 37 s 74;
- 30 (23) RCW 82.12.0277 (Exemptions--Certain medical items) and 2004 c 31 153 s 109;
- 32 (24) RCW 82.12.0279 (Exemptions--Use of ferry vessels by the state 33 or local governmental units--Components thereof) and 2003 c 5 s 9 & 34 1980 c 37 s 77;
- 35 (25) RCW 82.12.0283 (Exemptions--Use of certain irrigation 36 equipment) and 1983 1st ex.s. c 55 s 6;
- 37 (26) RCW 82.12.02915 (Exemptions--Use of items by health or social

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- welfare organizations for alternative housing for youth in crisis) and 1998 c 183 s 2, 1997 c 386 s 57, & 1995 c 346 s 2;
- 3 (27) RCW 82.12.02917 (Exemptions--Use of amusement and recreation 4 services by nonprofit youth organization) and 1999 c 358 s 7;
- 5 (28) RCW 82.12.0293 (Exemptions--Use of food and food ingredients)
- 6 and 2003 c 168 s 303, 1988 c 103 s 2, 1986 c 182 s 2, 1985 c 104 s 2, 7 & 1982 1st ex.s. c 35 s 34;
- 8 (29) RCW 82.12.0294 (Exemptions--Use of feed for cultivating or 9 raising fish for sale) and 1985 c 148 s 4;
- 10 (30) RCW 82.12.0296 (Exemptions--Use of feed consumed by livestock 11 at a public livestock market) and 1986 c 265 s 2;
- 12 (31) RCW 82.12.0297 (Exemptions--Use of food purchased with food stamps) and 1998 c 79 s 19 & 1987 c 28 s 2;
- 14 (32) RCW 82.12.0298 (Exemptions--Use of diesel fuel in operating 15 watercraft in commercial deep sea fishing or commercial passenger 16 fishing boat operations outside the state) and 1987 c 494 s 2;
- 17 (33) RCW 82.12.031 (Exemptions--Use by artistic or cultural organizations of certain objects) and 1981 c 140 s 5;
- 19 (34) RCW 82.12.0311 (Exemptions--Use of materials and supplies in packing horticultural products) and 1988 c 68 s 2;
- 21 (35) RCW 82.12.0316 (Exemptions--Sales of cigarettes by Indian 22 retailers) and 2005 c 11 s 4 & 2001 c 235 s 5;
- 23 (36) RCW 82.12.032 (Exemption--Use of used park model trailers) and 24 2001 c 282 s 4;
- 25 (37) RCW 82.12.033 (Exemption--Use of certain used mobile homes) 26 and 1986 c 211 s 3 & 1979 ex.s. c 266 s 4;
- 27 (38) RCW 82.12.034 (Exemption--Use of used floating homes) and 1984 28 c 192 s 4;
- 29 (39) RCW 82.12.0345 (Exemptions--Use of newspapers) and 1994 c 124 30 s 11;
- 31 (40) RCW 82.12.0347 (Exemptions--Use of academic transcripts) and 32 1996 c 272 s 3;
- 33 (41) RCW 82.12.803 (Exemptions--Nebulizers) and 2004 c 153 s 105;
- 34 (42) RCW 82.12.804 (Exemptions--Ostomic items) and 2004 c 153 s 107;
- 36 (43) RCW 82.12.806 (Exemptions--Use of computer equipment parts and services by printer or publisher) and 2004 c 8 s 3;

- 1 (44) RCW 82.12.808 (Exemptions--Use of medical supplies, chemicals, 2 or materials by comprehensive cancer centers) and 2005 c 514 s 403;
- 3 (45) RCW 82.12.809 (Exemptions--Vehicles using clean alternative 4 fuels) and 2005 c 296 s 3;
- 5 (46) RCW 82.12.813 (Exemptions--High gas mileage vehicles) and 2005 6 c 296 s 4;
- 7 (47) RCW 82.12.832 (Exemptions--Use of gun safes) and 1998 c 178 s 8 2;
- 9 (48) RCW 82.12.841 (Exemptions--Farming equipment--Hay sheds) and 10 2005 c 420 s 3;
- 11 (49) RCW 82.12.880 (Exemptions--Animal pharmaceuticals) and 2001 12 2nd sp.s. c 17 s 2;
- 13 (50) RCW 82.12.890 (Exemptions--Dairy nutrient management equipment 14 and facilities) and 2003 c 5 s 15 & 2001 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 3;
- 15 (51) RCW 82.12.900 (Exemptions--Anaerobic digesters) and 2003 c 5 16 s 16 & 2001 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 5;
- 17 (52) RCW 82.12.910 (Exemptions--Propane or natural gas to heat 18 chicken structures) and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 25 s 4;
- 19 (53) RCW 82.12.920 (Exemptions--Chicken bedding materials) and 2001 20 2nd sp.s. c 25 s 6;
- 21 (54) RCW 82.12.925 (Exemptions--Dietary supplements) and 2003 c 168 22 s 304;
- 23 (55) RCW 82.12.935 (Exemptions--Disposable devices used to deliver 24 prescription drugs for human use) and 2003 c 168 s 407;
- 25 (56) RCW 82.12.940 (Exemptions--Over-the-counter drugs for human 26 use) and 2003 c 168 s 408;
- 27 (57) RCW 82.12.945 (Exemptions--Kidney dialysis devices) and 2004 28 c 153 s 111 & 2003 c 168 s 411;
- 29 (58) RCW 82.12.950 (Exemptions--Steam, electricity, electrical 30 energy) and 2003 c 168 s 704;
- 31 (59) RCW 82.12.955 (Exemptions--Use of machinery, equipment, vehicles, and services related to biodiesel or alcohol fuel blend) and 2003 c 63 s 3;
- 34 (60) RCW 82.12.960 (Exemptions--Use of machinery, equipment, vehicles, and services related to wood biomass fuel blend) and 2003 c 339 s 14;
- 37 (61) RCW 82.12.975 (Computer parts and software related to the 38 manufacture of commercial airplanes) and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 10; and

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(62) RCW 82.12.985 (Exemptions--Insulin) and 2004 c 153 s 103.

2 NEW SECTION. Sec. 414. The sole purpose of the legislature in enacting section 401, chapter . . ., Laws of 2006 is to consolidate a 3 4 number of use tax exemptions into a single section for purposes of simplification. It is not the intent of the legislature in enacting 5 6 section 401, chapter . . ., Laws of 2006 to create new use tax 7 exemptions, or to eliminate, narrow, or expand any existing use tax exemptions. Therefore, the courts, taxpayers, the department of revenue, and the board of tax appeals should construe section 401, 9 10 chapter . . ., Laws of 2006 as a consolidation of existing law with no substantive effect.

12 PART V

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MISCELLANEOUS B&O AND RETAIL SALES TAX PROVISIONS

- 14 Sec. 501. RCW 82.04.140 and 1961 c 15 s 82.04.140 are each amended 15 to read as follows:
- (1) "Business" includes all activities engaged in with the object 16 17 of gain, benefit, or advantage to the taxpayer or to another person or class, directly or indirectly. 18
- 19 (2) "Engaging in business" means commencing, conducting, or continuing in business and also the exercise of corporate or franchise 20 21 powers as well as liquidating a business when the liquidators thereof hold themselves out to the public as conducting such business. 22
- 23 **Sec. 502.** RCW 82.04.250 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows: 24
 - (1) Upon every person ((except persons taxable under RCW 82.04.260 (5) or (13), 82.04.272, or subsection (2) of this section)) engaging within this state in the business of making sales at retail, except persons taxable as retailers under other provisions of this chapter, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.471 percent.
- (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 32 33 making sales at retail that are exempt from the tax imposed under 34 chapter 82.08 RCW by reason of RCW 82.08.0261, 82.08.0262,

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- 1 82.08.0263, except persons taxable under RCW 82.04.260(((13)))) (11), as
- 2 to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall
- 3 be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the business, multiplied by
- 4 the rate of 0.484 percent.

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5 **Sec. 503.** RCW 82.04.280 and 2004 c 24 s 6 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of: (1) Printing, and of publishing newspapers, periodicals, or magazines; (2) building, repairing or improving any street, place, road, highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used, primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind and including any readjustment, reconstruction or relocation of the facilities of any public, private or cooperatively owned utility or railroad in the course of such building, repairing or improving, the cost of which readjustment, reconstruction, or relocation, is the responsibility of the public authority whose street, place, road, highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle is being built, repaired or improved; (3) extracting for hire or processing for hire, except persons taxable as processors for hire under another section of this chapter; (4) operating a cold storage warehouse or storage warehouse, but not including the rental of cold storage lockers; (5) representing and performing services for fire or casualty insurance companies as an independent resident managing general agent licensed under the provisions of RCW 48.05.310; (6) radio and television broadcasting, excluding network, national and regional advertising computed as a standard deduction based on the national average thereof as annually reported by the Federal Communications Commission, or in lieu thereof by itemization by the individual broadcasting station, and excluding that portion of revenue represented by the out-of-state audience computed as a ratio to the station's total audience as measured by the 100 micro-volt signal strength and delivery by wire, if any; (7) engaging in activities which bring a person within the definition of

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consumer contained in RCW $82.04.190((\frac{6}{1}))$ (1)(f); as to such persons, the amount of tax on such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

As used in this section, "cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, meat, seafood, dairy products, or fowl, or any combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality of the product for orderly marketing.

As used in this section, "storage warehouse" means a building or structure, or any part thereof, in which goods, wares, or merchandise are received for storage for compensation, except field warehouses, fruit warehouses, fruit packing plants, warehouses licensed under chapter 22.09 RCW, public garages storing automobiles, railroad freight sheds, docks and wharves, and "self-storage" or "mini storage" facilities whereby customers have direct access to individual storage areas by separate entrance. "Storage warehouse" does not include a building or structure, or that part of such building or structure, in which an activity taxable under RCW 82.04.272 is conducted.

As used in this section, "periodical or magazine" means a printed publication, other than a newspaper, issued regularly at stated intervals at least once every three months, including any supplement or special edition of the publication.

Sec. 504. RCW 82.04.280 and 2003 c 149 s 4 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of: (1) Printing, and of publishing newspapers, periodicals, or magazines; (2) building, repairing or improving any street, place, road, highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used, primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind and including any readjustment, reconstruction or relocation of the facilities of any public, private or cooperatively owned utility or railroad in the course of such building, repairing or improving, the cost of which readjustment, reconstruction, or relocation, is the responsibility of the public authority whose street, place, road,

highway, easement, right of way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle is being built, repaired or improved; (3) extracting for hire or processing for hire, except persons taxable as processors for hire under another section of this chapter; (4) operating a cold storage warehouse or storage warehouse, but not including the rental of cold storage lockers; (5) representing and performing services for fire or casualty insurance companies as an independent resident managing general agent licensed under the provisions of RCW 48.05.310; (6) radio and television broadcasting, excluding network, national and regional advertising computed as a standard deduction based on the national average thereof as annually reported by the Federal Communications Commission, or in lieu thereof by itemization by the individual broadcasting station, and excluding that portion of revenue represented by the out-of-state audience computed as a ratio to the station's total audience as measured by the 100 micro-volt signal strength and delivery by wire, if any; (7) engaging in activities which bring a person within the definition of consumer contained in RCW 82.04.190(((6))) (1)(f); as to such persons, the amount of tax on such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

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As used in this section, "cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, meat, seafood, dairy products, or fowl, or any combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality of the product for orderly marketing.

As used in this section, "storage warehouse" means a building or structure, or any part thereof, in which goods, wares, or merchandise are received for storage for compensation, except field warehouses, fruit warehouses, fruit packing plants, warehouses licensed under chapter 22.09 RCW, public garages storing automobiles, railroad freight sheds, docks and wharves, and "self-storage" or "mini storage" facilities whereby customers have direct access to individual storage areas by separate entrance. "Storage warehouse" does not include a building or structure, or that part of such building or structure, in which an activity taxable under RCW 82.04.272 is conducted.

As used in this section, "periodical or magazine" means a printed publication, other than a newspaper, issued regularly at stated

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- intervals at least once every three months, including any supplement or 1
- 2 special edition of the publication.
- **Sec. 505.** RCW 82.04.418 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 66 s 2 are each 3 4 amended to read as follows:
- The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply to: 5
- 6 (1) Grants received from the state or the United States government 7 by municipal corporations or political subdivisions of the state of 8 Washington:
- (2) Amounts received by any person for research and development 9 under the federal small business innovation research program (114 Stat. 10 11 2763A; 15 U.S.C. Sec. 638 et seq.);
- (3) Amounts received by any person for research and development 12 under the federal small business technology transfer program (115 Stat. 13 263; 15 U.S.C. Sec. 638 et seq.); and 14
- (4) Income received by the life sciences discovery fund authority 15 16 under chapter 43.350 RCW.
- Sec. 506. RCW 82.04.4281 and 2002 c 150 s 2 are each amended to 17 18 read as follows:
 - (1) In computing tax there may be deducted from the measure of tax:
- 20 (a) Amounts derived from investments;
- (b) Amounts derived as dividends or distributions from (({the})) 21 the capital account by a parent from its subsidiary entities; and 22
 - (c) Amounts derived from interest on loans between subsidiary entities and a parent entity or between subsidiaries of a common parent entity, but only if the total investment and loan income is less than five percent of gross receipts of the business annually.
- 27 (2) The following are not deductible under subsection (1)(a) of 28 this section:
 - (a) Amounts received from loans, except as provided in subsection (1)(c) of this section, or the extension of credit to another, revolving credit arrangements, installment sales, the acceptance of payment over time for goods or services, or any of the foregoing that have been transferred by the originator of the same to an affiliate of
- the transferor; or 34

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- 35 (b) Amounts received by a banking, lending, or security business.
- 36 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply only to this section.

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(a) "Banking business" means a person engaging in business as a national or state-chartered bank, a mutual savings bank, a savings and loan association, a trust company, an alien bank, a foreign bank, a credit union, a stock savings bank, or a similar entity that is chartered under Title 30, 31, 32, or 33 RCW, or organized under Title 12 U.S.C.

- (b) "Lending business" means a person engaged in the business of making secured or unsecured loans of money, or extending credit, and (i) more than one-half of the person's gross income is earned from such activities and (ii) more than one-half of the person's total expenditures are incurred in support of such activities.
- (c) The terms "loan" and "extension of credit" do not include ownership of or trading in publicly traded debt instruments, or substantially equivalent instruments offered in a private placement.
- (d) "Security business" means a person, other than an issuer, who is engaged in the business of effecting transactions in securities as a broker, dealer, or broker-dealer, as those terms are defined in the securities act of Washington, chapter 21.20 RCW, or the federal securities act of 1933. "Security business" does not include any company excluded from the definition of broker or dealer under the federal investment company act of 1940 or any entity that is not an investment company by reason of sections 3(c)(1) and 3(c)(3) through 3(c)(14) thereof.
- **Sec. 507.** RCW 82.04.4286 and 1980 c 37 s 7 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
- ((In computing tax there may be deducted from the measure of tax))

 This chapter does not apply to amounts derived from business which the state is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution of this state or the Constitution or laws of the United States.
- **Sec. 508.** RCW 82.04.440 and 2005 c 301 s 3 are each amended to 31 read as follows:
- (1) Every person engaged in activities ((which)) that are ((within the purview of the provisions of two or more of sections)) subject to tax under two or more provisions of RCW 82.04.230 ((to)) through 82.04.298, inclusive, shall be taxable under each ((paragraph)) provision applicable to ((the)) those activities ((engaged in)).

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(2) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.2909(2), 82.04.250, 82.04.270, 82.04.294(2), or 82.04.260(1)(c), (4), or ((\((\frac{13}{13}\)))) (11) with respect to selling products in this state shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any (a) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to the manufacturing of products so sold in this state, and/or (b) extracting taxes paid with respect to the extracting of products so sold in this state or ingredients of products so sold in this state. Extracting taxes taken as credit under subsection (3) of this section may also be taken under this subsection, if otherwise allowable under this subsection. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the sale of those products.

- (3) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.240 or 82.04.260(1)(b) shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any extracting taxes paid with respect to extracting the ingredients of the products so manufactured in this state. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the manufacturing of those products.
- (4) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.230, 82.04.240, 82.04.2909(1), 82.04.294(1), or 82.04.260 (1), (2), (4), (((6),)) or (((13))) (11) with respect to extracting or manufacturing products in this state shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any (i) gross receipts taxes paid to another state with respect to the sales of the products so extracted or manufactured in this state, (ii) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to the manufacturing of products using ingredients so extracted in this state, or (iii) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to manufacturing activities completed in another state for products so manufactured in this state. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the extraction or manufacturing of those products.
 - (5) For the purpose of this section:
 - (a) "Gross receipts tax" means a tax:
- (i) Which is imposed on or measured by the gross volume of business, in terms of gross receipts or in other terms, and in the determination of which the deductions allowed would not constitute the tax an income tax or value added tax; and
- 37 (ii) Which is also not, pursuant to law or custom, separately stated from the sales price.

(b) "State" means (i) the state of Washington, (ii) a state of the United States other than Washington, or any political subdivision of such other state, (iii) the District of Columbia, and (iv) any foreign country or political subdivision thereof.

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- 5 (c) "Manufacturing tax" means a gross receipts tax imposed on the 6 act or privilege of engaging in business as a manufacturer, and 7 includes (i) the taxes imposed in RCW 82.04.240, 82.04.2909(1), 8 82.04.260 (1), (2), (4), and ((\frac{(13)}{13})) (11), and 82.04.294(1); and (ii) 9 similar gross receipts taxes paid to other states.
- 10 (d) "Extracting tax" means a gross receipts tax imposed on the act 11 or privilege of engaging in business as an extractor, and includes the 12 tax imposed in RCW 82.04.230 and similar gross receipts taxes paid to 13 other states.
- (e) "Business", "manufacturer", "extractor", and other terms used in this section have the meanings given in RCW 82.04.020 through 82.04.212, notwithstanding the use of those terms in the context of describing taxes imposed by other states.
- 18 **Sec. 509.** RCW 82.04.440 and 2006 c . . . s 508 (section 508 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Every person engaged in activities that are subject to tax under two or more provisions of RCW 82.04.230 through 82.04.298, inclusive, shall be taxable under each provision applicable to those activities.
 - (2) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.2909(2), 82.04.250, 82.04.270, 82.04.294(2), or 82.04.260(1) (c) or (e), (4), or (11) with respect to selling products in this state shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any (a) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to the manufacturing of products so sold in this state, and/or (b) extracting taxes paid with respect to the extracting of products so sold in this state or ingredients of products so sold in this state. Extracting taxes taken as credit under subsection (3) of this section may also be taken under this subsection, if otherwise allowable under this subsection. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the sale of those products.
 - (3) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.240 or 82.04.260(1)(b) shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any extracting taxes paid with

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respect to extracting the ingredients of the products so manufactured in this state. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the manufacturing of those products.

- (4) Persons taxable under RCW 82.04.230, 82.04.240, 82.04.2909(1), 82.04.294(1), or 82.04.260 (1), (2), (4), or (11) with respect to extracting or manufacturing products in this state shall be allowed a credit against those taxes for any (i) gross receipts taxes paid to another state with respect to the sales of the products so extracted or manufactured in this state, (ii) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to the manufacturing of products using ingredients so extracted in this state, or (iii) manufacturing taxes paid with respect to manufacturing activities completed in another state for products so manufactured in this state. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to the extraction or manufacturing of those products.
 - (5) For the purpose of this section:

- (a) "Gross receipts tax" means a tax:
- (i) Which is imposed on or measured by the gross volume of business, in terms of gross receipts or in other terms, and in the determination of which the deductions allowed would not constitute the tax an income tax or value added tax; and
- 23 (ii) Which is also not, pursuant to law or custom, separately stated from the sales price.
 - (b) "State" means (i) the state of Washington, (ii) a state of the United States other than Washington, or any political subdivision of such other state, (iii) the District of Columbia, and (iv) any foreign country or political subdivision thereof.
 - (c) "Manufacturing tax" means a gross receipts tax imposed on the act or privilege of engaging in business as a manufacturer, and includes (i) the taxes imposed in RCW 82.04.240, 82.04.2909(1), 82.04.260 (1), (2), (4), and (11), and 82.04.294(1); and (ii) similar gross receipts taxes paid to other states.
- (d) "Extracting tax" means a gross receipts tax imposed on the act or privilege of engaging in business as an extractor, and includes the tax imposed in RCW 82.04.230 and similar gross receipts taxes paid to other states.

- (e) "Business", "manufacturer", "extractor", and other terms used in this section have the meanings given in RCW 82.04.020 through 82.04.212, notwithstanding the use of those terms in the context of describing taxes imposed by other states.
- **Sec. 510.** RCW 82.04.4462 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 8 are each 6 amended to read as follows:

- (1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for the investment related to design and preproduction development computer software and hardware acquired between July 1, 1995, and December 1, 2003, and used by an eligible person primarily for the digital design and development of commercial airplanes. The credit shall be equal to the purchase price of such property, multiplied by 8.44 percent. Credit taken in any one calendar year may not exceed ten million dollars, and total lifetime credit taken under this section by any one person may not exceed twenty million dollars. Credit may be carried over until used.
- 17 (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 18 section.
 - (a) "Commercial airplane" has the meaning given in RCW 82.32.550.
 - (b) "Design and preproduction development computer software and hardware" means computer-aided three-dimensional interactive applications and other solid modeling computer technology that allow for electronic design and testing during product development.
 - (c) "Eligible person" means a person as defined in RCW 82.04.030, who is a manufacturer of commercial airplanes.
 - (3) An application must be made to the department before taking the credit under this section. The application shall be made to the department in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The application shall contain information regarding the uses of the computer software and hardware, purchase price, dates of acquisition, and other information required by the department. The department shall rule on the application within sixty days. All applications must be received by the department within one year of December 1, 2003.
 - (4) This section expires July 1, ((2024)) 2006.
- **Sec. 511.** RCW 82.04.4328 and 1985 c 471 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

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- (1) For the purposes of RCW 82.04.4322, 82.04.4324, 82.04.4326, 1 2 82.04.4327, and 82.08.031, ((and 82.12.031,)) the term "artistic or cultural organization" means an organization which is organized and 3 operated exclusively for the purpose of providing artistic or cultural 4 5 exhibitions, presentations, or performances or cultural or art education programs, as defined in subsection (2) of this section, for 6 7 viewing or attendance by the general public. The organization must be a not-for-profit corporation under chapter 24.03 RCW and managed by a 8 9 governing board of not less than eight individuals none of whom is a paid employee of the organization or by a corporation sole under 10 chapter 24.12 RCW. In addition, to qualify for deduction or exemption 11 from taxation under RCW 82.04.4322, 82.04.4324, 82.04.4326, 82.04.4327, 12 13 82.08.031, and ((82.12.031)) section 401 of this act, the corporation 14 shall satisfy the following conditions:
 - (a) No part of its income may be paid directly or indirectly to its members, stockholders, officers, directors, or trustees except in the form of services rendered by the corporation in accordance with its purposes and bylaws;
 - (b) Salary or compensation paid to its officers and executives must be only for actual services rendered, and at levels comparable to the salary or compensation of like positions within the state;
 - (c) Assets of the corporation must be irrevocably dedicated to the activities for which the exemption is granted and, on the liquidation, dissolution, or abandonment by the corporation, may not inure directly or indirectly to the benefit of any member or individual except a nonprofit organization, association, or corporation which also would be entitled to the exemption;
 - (d) The corporation must be duly licensed or certified when licensing or certification is required by law or regulation;
 - (e) The amounts received that qualify for exemption must be used for the activities for which the exemption is granted;
 - (f) Services must be available regardless of race, color, national origin, or ancestry; and
- 34 (g) The director of revenue shall have access to its books in order 35 to determine whether the corporation is exempt from taxes.
- 36 (2) The term "artistic or cultural exhibitions, presentations, or 37 performances or cultural or art education programs" includes and is 38 limited to:

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- 1 (a) An exhibition or presentation of works of art or objects of 2 cultural or historical significance, such as those commonly displayed 3 in art or history museums;
 - (b) A musical or dramatic performance or series of performances; or
- 5 (c) An educational seminar or program, or series of such programs, 6 offered by the organization to the general public on an artistic,

7 cultural, or historical subject.

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- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 512.** The following acts or parts of acts are 9 each repealed:
- 10 (1) RCW 82.04.055 (Selected business services) and 1997 c 304 s 3;
- 11 (2) RCW 82.04.150 ("Engaging in business") and 1961 c 15 s 12 82.04.150;
- 13 (3) RCW 82.04.4261 (Exemptions--Federal small business innovation 14 research program) and 2004 c 2 s 9;
- 15 (4) RCW 82.04.4262 (Exemptions--Federal small business technology 16 transfer program) and 2004 c 2 s 10; and
- 17 (5) RCW 82.04.4263 (Exemptions--Income received by the life sciences discovery fund authority) and 2005 c 424 s 11.

19 PART VI

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

- 21 **Sec. 601.** RCW 82.32.550 and 2003 2nd sp.s. c 1 s 17 are each 22 amended to read as follows:
 - (1)(a) Chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. takes effect on the first day of the month in which the governor and a manufacturer of commercial airplanes sign a memorandum of agreement regarding an affirmative final decision to site a significant commercial airplane final assembly facility in Washington state. The department shall provide notice of the effective date of chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. to affected taxpayers, the legislature, and others as deemed appropriate by the department.
- 31 (b) Chapter 1, Laws of 2003 2nd sp. sess. is contingent upon the 32 siting of a significant commercial airplane final assembly facility in 33 the state of Washington. If a memorandum of agreement under subsection 34 (1) of this section is not signed by June 30, 2005, chapter 1, Laws of 35 2003 2nd sp. sess. is null and void.

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- (c)(i) The department shall make a determination regarding the date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington state. The rates in RCW 82.04.260((\(\frac{(13)}{(13)}\))\(\frac{(11)}{(11)}\) (a)(ii) and (b)(ii) take effect the first day of the month such assembly begins, or July 1, 2007, whichever is later. The department shall provide notice of the effective date of such rates to affected taxpayers, the legislature, and others as deemed appropriate by the department.
 - (ii) If on December 31, 2007, final assembly of a superefficient airplane has not begun in Washington state, the department shall provide notice of such to affected taxpayers, the legislature, and others as deemed appropriate by the department.
- 12 (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 13 section.

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- (a) "Commercial airplane" has its ordinary meaning, which is an airplane certified by the federal aviation administration for transporting persons or property, and any military derivative of such an airplane.
- (b) "Component" means a part or system certified by the federal aviation administration for installation or assembly into a commercial airplane.
- (c) "Final assembly of a superefficient airplane" means the activity of assembling an airplane from components parts necessary for its mechanical operation such that the finished commercial airplane is ready to deliver to the ultimate consumer.
- (d) "Significant commercial airplane final assembly facility" means a location with the capacity to produce at least thirty-six superefficient airplanes a year.
- (e) "Siting" means a final decision by a manufacturer to locate a significant commercial airplane final assembly facility in Washington state.
- 31 (f) "Superefficient airplane" means a twin aisle airplane that 32 carries between two hundred and three hundred fifty passengers, with a 33 range of more than seven thousand two hundred nautical miles, a 34 cruising speed of approximately mach .85, and that uses fifteen to 35 twenty percent less fuel than other similar airplanes on the market.
- 36 **Sec. 602.** RCW 82.12.045 and 2003 c 361 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) ((In the collection of the use tax on motor vehicles,)) (a) The department ((of revenue)) may designate the county auditors of the several counties of the state as its collecting agents in the collection of the use tax on: (i) Tangible personal property consisting of vehicles as defined in RCW 46.04.670, off-road vehicles as defined in RCW 46.09.020, snowmobiles as defined in RCW 46.10.010, or vessels as defined in RCW 88.02.010; and (ii) any extended warranty or maintenance agreement for any item of tangible personal property described in (a)(i) of this subsection.

- (b) Upon such designation, ((it shall be the duty of)) each county auditor ((to)) shall collect the tax ((at the time)) when an applicant applies for the registration of, and transfer of certificate of ownership or vessel certificate of title to, the ((motor vehicle)) property, except ((in the following instances)) where the:
- (((a) Where the)) (i) Applicant exhibits a dealer's report of sale showing that ((the retail sales tax has been collected by)) the dealer has collected the retail sales tax on the tangible personal property in question and on any extended warranty or maintenance agreement on that tangible personal property;
- (((b) Where the)) <u>(ii) Application</u> is for the renewal of registration;
 - ((c) Where the)) (iii) Applicant presents a written statement signed by the department $((of\ revenue))$, or its duly authorized agent showing that no use tax is legally due; or
 - (((d) Where the)) (iv) Applicant presents satisfactory evidence showing that the applicant has paid the retail sales tax or the use tax ((has been paid by the applicant)) on the ((vehicle)) tangible personal property in question and on any extended warranty or maintenance agreement on that tangible personal property.
 - (2) ((The term "motor vehicle," as used in this section means and includes all motor vehicles, trailers and semitrailers used, or of a type designed primarily to be used, upon the public streets and highways, for the convenience or pleasure of the owner, or for the conveyance, for hire or otherwise, of persons or property, including fixed loads, facilities for human habitation, and vehicles carrying exempt licenses.
- (3) It shall be the duty of)) Every applicant applying for registration and transfer of certificate of ownership or vessel

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certificate of title who is subject to payment of tax under this section ((to)) shall declare upon the application the value of the ((vehicle)) property for which application is made, which shall consist of the consideration paid or contracted to be paid therefor.

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((4) Each county auditor who acts as agent of the department of revenue shall at the time of)) (3) When remitting license fee receipts ((motor vehicles)) tangible personal property subject to the provisions of this section, each county auditor shall pay over and account to the state treasurer for all use tax revenue collected under this section((, after first deducting as)). Each county auditor may deduct a collection fee ((the sum)) of two dollars for each ((motor vehicle)) transfer of personal property upon which the tax ((has been)) was collected. Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, the state treasurer shall credit all revenue received ((by the state treasurer)) under this section ((shall be credited)) to the general Each county auditor shall deposit the ((auditor's)) collection fee ((shall be deposited)) in the county current expense fund. duplicate of the county auditor's transmittal report to the state treasurer shall be forwarded ((forthwith)) immediately to the department ((of revenue)).

((+5+)) (4) Any applicant who ((has)) paid use tax to a county auditor under this section may apply to the department $((of\ revenue))$ for refund ((thereof)) if $((the or\ she))$ that person has reason to believe that such tax was not legally due and owing. No refund shall be allowed unless application therefor is received by the department $((of\ revenue))$ within the statutory period for assessment of taxes, penalties, or interest prescribed by RCW 82.32.050(3). Upon receipt of an application for refund the department $((of\ revenue))$ shall consider the same and issue its order either granting or denying it and if refund is denied, the taxpayer $((shall\ have\ the\ right\ of))$ may appeal as provided in RCW 82.32.170 $((f\ revenue))$ and 82.32.180 $((and\ 82.32.190))$.

 $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ (5) The provisions of this section shall be construed as cumulative of other methods prescribed in ((chapters 82.04 to 82.32 RCW, inclusive,)) this title for the collection of the tax imposed by this chapter. The department ((of revenue shall have power to promulgate such)) may adopt rules ((as may be)) necessary to administer the provisions of this section. Any duties required by this section to

be performed by the county auditor may be performed by the director of licensing but no collection fee shall be deductible by said director in remitting use tax revenue to the state treasurer.

 $((\frac{7}{}))$ (6) The use tax revenue collected on the rate provided in RCW 82.08.020(3) shall be deposited in the multimodal transportation account under RCW 47.66.070.

7 PART VII

8 PROPERTY TAX PROVISIONS

- **Sec. 701.** RCW 84.33.140 and 2003 c 170 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) When land has been designated as forest land under RCW 84.33.130, a notation of the designation shall be made each year upon the assessment and tax rolls. A copy of the notice of approval together with the legal description or assessor's parcel numbers for the land shall, at the expense of the applicant, be filed by the assessor in the same manner as deeds are recorded.
 - (2) In preparing the assessment roll as of January 1, 2002, for taxes payable in 2003 and each January 1st thereafter, the assessor shall list each parcel of designated forest land at a value with respect to the grade and class provided in this subsection and adjusted as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The assessor shall compute the assessed value of the land using the same assessment ratio applied generally in computing the assessed value of other property in the county. Values for the several grades of bare forest land shall be as follows:

27	LAND	OPERABILITY	VALUES
28	GRADE	CLASS	PER ACRE
29		1	\$234
30	1	2	229
31		3	217
32		4	157
33		1	198
34	2	2	190

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1		3	183
2		4	132
3		1	154
4	3	2	149
5		3	148
6		4	113
7		1	117
8	4	2	114
9		3	113
10		4	86
11		1	85
12	5	2	78
13		3	77
14		4	52
15		1	43
16	6	2	39
17		3	39
18		4	37
19		1	21
20	7	2	21
21		3	20
22		4	20
23	8		1

(3) On or before December 31, 2001, the department shall adjust by rule under chapter 34.05 RCW, the forest land values contained in subsection (2) of this section in accordance with this subsection, and shall certify the adjusted values to the assessor who will use these values in preparing the assessment roll as of January 1, 2002. For the adjustment to be made on or before December 31, 2001, for use in the 2002 assessment year, the department shall:

- (a) Divide the aggregate value of all timber harvested within the state between July 1, 1996, and June 30, 2001, by the aggregate harvest volume for the same period, as determined from the harvester excise tax returns filed with the department under RCW 84.33.074; and
- (b) Divide the aggregate value of all timber harvested within the state between July 1, 1995, and June 30, 2000, by the aggregate harvest volume for the same period, as determined from the harvester excise tax returns filed with the department under RCW 84.33.074; and

(c) Adjust the forest land values contained in subsection (2) of this section by a percentage equal to one-half of the percentage change in the average values of harvested timber reflected by comparing the resultant values calculated under (a) and (b) of this subsection.

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- (4) For the adjustments to be made on or before December 31, 2002, and each succeeding year thereafter, the same procedure described in subsection (3) of this section shall be followed using harvester excise tax returns filed under RCW 84.33.074. However, this adjustment shall be made to the prior year's adjusted value, and the five-year periods for calculating average harvested timber values shall be successively one year more recent.
- (5) Land graded, assessed, and valued as forest land shall continue to be so graded, assessed, and valued until removal of designation by the assessor upon the occurrence of any of the following:
 - (a) Receipt of notice from the owner to remove the designation;
- (b) Sale or transfer to an ownership making the land exempt from ad valorem taxation;
- (c) Sale or transfer of all or a portion of the land to a new owner, unless the new owner has signed a notice of forest land designation continuance, except transfer to an owner who is an heir or devisee of a deceased owner, shall not, by itself, result in removal of designation. The signed notice of continuance shall be attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit provided for in RCW 82.45.150. notice of continuance shall be on a form prepared by the department. If the notice of continuance is not signed by the new owner and attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit, all compensating taxes calculated under subsection (11) of this section shall become due and payable by the seller or transferor at time of sale. The auditor shall not accept an instrument of conveyance regarding designated forest land for filing or recording unless the new owner has signed the notice of continuance or the compensating tax has been paid, evidenced by the real estate excise tax stamp affixed thereto by the The seller, transferor, or new owner may appeal the new treasurer. assessed valuation calculated under subsection (11) of this section to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the county board of equalization to hear these appeals;

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1 (d) Determination by the assessor, after giving the owner written 2 notice and an opportunity to be heard, that:

- (i) The land is no longer primarily devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber. However, land shall not be removed from designation if a governmental agency, organization, or other recipient identified in subsection (13) or (14) of this section as exempt from the payment of compensating tax has manifested its intent in writing or by other official action to acquire a property interest in the designated forest land by means of a transaction that qualifies for an exemption under subsection (13) or (14) of this section. The governmental agency, organization, or recipient shall annually provide the assessor of the county in which the land is located reasonable evidence in writing of the intent to acquire the designated land as long as the intent continues or within sixty days of a request by the assessor. The assessor may not request this evidence more than once in a calendar year;
 - (ii) The owner has failed to comply with a final administrative or judicial order with respect to a violation of the restocking, forest management, fire protection, insect and disease control, and forest debris provisions of Title 76 RCW or any applicable rules under Title 76 RCW; or
 - (iii) Restocking has not occurred to the extent or within the time specified in the application for designation of such land.
 - (6) Land shall not be removed from designation if there is a governmental restriction that prohibits, in whole or in part, the owner from harvesting timber from the owner's designated forest land. If only a portion of the parcel is impacted by governmental restrictions of this nature, the restrictions cannot be used as a basis to remove the remainder of the forest land from designation under this chapter. For the purposes of this section, "governmental restrictions" includes:

 (a) Any law, regulation, rule, ordinance, program, or other action adopted or taken by a federal, state, county, city, or other governmental entity; or (b) the land's zoning or its presence within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110.
 - (7) The assessor shall have the option of requiring an owner of forest land to file a timber management plan with the assessor upon the occurrence of one of the following:
 - (a) An application for designation as forest land is submitted; or

(b) Designated forest land is sold or transferred and a notice of continuance, described in subsection (5)(c) of this section, is signed.

- (8) If land is removed from designation because of any of the circumstances listed in subsection (5)(a) through (c) of this section, the removal shall apply only to the land affected. If land is removed from designation because of subsection (5)(d) of this section, the removal shall apply only to the actual area of land that is no longer primarily devoted to the growing and harvesting of timber, without regard to any other land that may have been included in the application and approved for designation, as long as the remaining designated forest land meets the definition of forest land contained in RCW 84.33.035.
- (9) Within thirty days after the removal of designation as forest land, the assessor shall notify the owner in writing, setting forth the reasons for the removal. The seller, transferor, or owner may appeal the removal to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038.
- (10) Unless the removal is reversed on appeal a copy of the notice of removal with a notation of the action, if any, upon appeal, together with the legal description or assessor's parcel numbers for the land removed from designation shall, at the expense of the applicant, be filed by the assessor in the same manner as deeds are recorded and a notation of removal from designation shall immediately be made upon the assessment and tax rolls. The assessor shall revalue the land to be removed with reference to its true and fair value as of January 1st of the year of removal from designation. Both the assessed value before and after the removal of designation shall be listed. Taxes based on the value of the land as forest land shall be assessed and payable up until the date of removal and taxes based on the true and fair value of the land shall be assessed and payable from the date of removal from designation.
- (11) Except as provided in subsection (5)(c), (13), or (14) of this section, a compensating tax shall be imposed on land removed from designation as forest land. The compensating tax shall be due and payable to the treasurer thirty days after the owner is notified of the amount of this tax. As soon as possible after the land is removed from designation, the assessor shall compute the amount of compensating tax and mail a notice to the owner of the amount of compensating tax owed

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and the date on which payment of this tax is due. The amount of compensating tax shall be equal to the difference between the amount of tax last levied on the land as designated forest land and an amount equal to the new assessed value of the land multiplied by the dollar rate of the last levy extended against the land, multiplied by a number, in no event greater than nine, equal to the number of years for which the land was designated as forest land, plus compensating taxes on the land at forest land values up until the date of removal and the prorated taxes on the land at true and fair value from the date of removal to the end of the current tax year.

- (12) Compensating tax, together with applicable interest thereon, shall become a lien on the land which shall attach at the time the land is removed from designation as forest land and shall have priority to and shall be fully paid and satisfied before any recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation, or responsibility to or with which the land may become charged or liable. The lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes as provided in RCW 84.64.050. Any compensating tax unpaid on its due date shall thereupon become delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest shall be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.
- (13) The compensating tax specified in subsection (11) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of designation under subsection (5) of this section resulted solely from:
- (a) Transfer to a government entity in exchange for other forest land located within the state of Washington;
- (b) A taking through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, or sale or transfer to an entity having the power of eminent domain in anticipation of the exercise of such power;
- (c) A donation of fee title, development rights, or the right to harvest timber, to a government agency or organization qualified under RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 for the purposes enumerated in those sections, or the sale or transfer of fee title to a governmental entity or a nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, exclusively for the protection and conservation of lands recommended for state natural area preserve purposes by the natural heritage council and natural heritage plan as defined in chapter 79.70

1 RCW. At such time as the land is not used for the purposes enumerated, 2 the compensating tax specified in subsection (11) of this section shall 3 be imposed upon the current owner;

- (d) The sale or transfer of fee title to the parks and recreation commission for park and recreation purposes;
- (e) Official action by an agency of the state of Washington or by the county or city within which the land is located that disallows the present use of the land;
- 9 (f) The creation, sale, or transfer of forestry riparian easements 10 under RCW 76.13.120;
 - (g) The creation, sale, or transfer of a fee interest or a conservation easement for the riparian open space program under RCW 76.09.040; or
 - (h) The sale or transfer of land within two years after the death of the owner of at least a fifty percent interest in the land if the land has been assessed and valued as classified forest land, designated as forest land under this chapter, or classified under chapter 84.34 RCW continuously since 1993. The date of death shown on a death certificate is the date used for the purposes of this subsection (13)(h)(i)
 - (i) The sale or transfer of land after the death of the owner of at least a fifty percent interest in the land if the land has been assessed and valued as classified forest land, designated as forest land under this chapter, or classified under chapter 84.34 RCW continuously since 1993 and the sale or transfer takes place after July 22, 2001, and on or before July 22, 2003, and the death of the owner occurred after January 1, 1991. The date of death shown on a death certificate is the date used for the purposes of this subsection (13)(i)).
 - (14) In a county with a population of more than one million inhabitants, the compensating tax specified in subsection (11) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of designation as forest land under subsection (5) of this section resulted solely from:
 - (a) An action described in subsection (13) of this section; or
 - (b) A transfer of a property interest to a government entity, or to a nonprofit historic preservation corporation or nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, to protect or enhance public resources, or to preserve, maintain, improve, restore,

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- 1 limit the future use of, or otherwise to conserve for public use or
- 2 enjoyment, the property interest being transferred. At such time as
- 3 the property interest is not used for the purposes enumerated, the
- 4 compensating tax shall be imposed upon the current owner.

- **Sec. 702.** RCW 84.33.140 and 2005 c 303 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) When land has been designated as forest land under RCW 84.33.130, a notation of the designation shall be made each year upon the assessment and tax rolls. A copy of the notice of approval together with the legal description or assessor's parcel numbers for the land shall, at the expense of the applicant, be filed by the assessor in the same manner as deeds are recorded.
 - (2) In preparing the assessment roll as of January 1, 2002, for taxes payable in 2003 and each January 1st thereafter, the assessor shall list each parcel of designated forest land at a value with respect to the grade and class provided in this subsection and adjusted as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The assessor shall compute the assessed value of the land using the same assessment ratio applied generally in computing the assessed value of other property in the county. Values for the several grades of bare forest land shall be as follows:

22	LAND	OPERABILITY	VALUES
23	GRADE	CLASS	PER ACRE
24		1	\$234
25	1	2	229
26		3	217
27		4	157
28		1	198
29	2	2	190
30		3	183
31		4	132
32		1	154
33	3	2	149
34		3	148
35		4	113

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- (3) On or before December 31, 2001, the department shall adjust by rule under chapter 34.05 RCW, the forest land values contained in subsection (2) of this section in accordance with this subsection, and shall certify the adjusted values to the assessor who will use these values in preparing the assessment roll as of January 1, 2002. For the adjustment to be made on or before December 31, 2001, for use in the 2002 assessment year, the department shall:
- (a) Divide the aggregate value of all timber harvested within the state between July 1, 1996, and June 30, 2001, by the aggregate harvest volume for the same period, as determined from the harvester excise tax returns filed with the department under RCW 84.33.074; and
- (b) Divide the aggregate value of all timber harvested within the state between July 1, 1995, and June 30, 2000, by the aggregate harvest volume for the same period, as determined from the harvester excise tax returns filed with the department under RCW 84.33.074; and
- (c) Adjust the forest land values contained in subsection (2) of this section by a percentage equal to one-half of the percentage change in the average values of harvested timber reflected by comparing the resultant values calculated under (a) and (b) of this subsection.
- (4) For the adjustments to be made on or before December 31, 2002, and each succeeding year thereafter, the same procedure described in

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subsection (3) of this section shall be followed using harvester excise tax returns filed under RCW 84.33.074. However, this adjustment shall be made to the prior year's adjusted value, and the five-year periods for calculating average harvested timber values shall be successively one year more recent.

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- (5) Land graded, assessed, and valued as forest land shall continue to be so graded, assessed, and valued until removal of designation by the assessor upon the occurrence of any of the following:
 - (a) Receipt of notice from the owner to remove the designation;
- (b) Sale or transfer to an ownership making the land exempt from ad valorem taxation;
- (c) Sale or transfer of all or a portion of the land to a new owner, unless the new owner has signed a notice of forest land designation continuance, except transfer to an owner who is an heir or devisee of a deceased owner, shall not, by itself, result in removal of designation. The signed notice of continuance shall be attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit provided for in RCW 82.45.150. notice of continuance shall be on a form prepared by the department. If the notice of continuance is not signed by the new owner and attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit, all compensating taxes calculated under subsection (11) of this section shall become due and payable by the seller or transferor at time of sale. The auditor shall not accept an instrument of conveyance regarding designated forest land for filing or recording unless the new owner has signed the notice of continuance or the compensating tax has been paid, evidenced by the real estate excise tax stamp affixed thereto by the treasurer. The seller, transferor, or new owner may appeal the new assessed valuation calculated under subsection (11) of this section to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the county board of equalization to hear these appeals;
 - (d) Determination by the assessor, after giving the owner written notice and an opportunity to be heard, that:
 - (i) The land is no longer primarily devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber. However, land shall not be removed from designation if a governmental agency, organization, or other recipient identified in subsection (13) or (14) of this section as exempt from the payment of compensating tax has manifested its intent in writing or

- by other official action to acquire a property interest in the designated forest land by means of a transaction that qualifies for an exemption under subsection (13) or (14) of this section. governmental agency, organization, or recipient shall annually provide the assessor of the county in which the land is located reasonable evidence in writing of the intent to acquire the designated land as long as the intent continues or within sixty days of a request by the assessor. The assessor may not request this evidence more than once in a calendar year;
 - (ii) The owner has failed to comply with a final administrative or judicial order with respect to a violation of the restocking, forest management, fire protection, insect and disease control, and forest debris provisions of Title 76 RCW or any applicable rules under Title 76 RCW; or

- 15 (iii) Restocking has not occurred to the extent or within the time 16 specified in the application for designation of such land.
 - (6) Land shall not be removed from designation if there is a governmental restriction that prohibits, in whole or in part, the owner from harvesting timber from the owner's designated forest land. If only a portion of the parcel is impacted by governmental restrictions of this nature, the restrictions cannot be used as a basis to remove the remainder of the forest land from designation under this chapter. For the purposes of this section, "governmental restrictions" includes:

 (a) Any law, regulation, rule, ordinance, program, or other action adopted or taken by a federal, state, county, city, or other governmental entity; or (b) the land's zoning or its presence within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110.
 - (7) The assessor shall have the option of requiring an owner of forest land to file a timber management plan with the assessor upon the occurrence of one of the following:
 - (a) An application for designation as forest land is submitted; or
 - (b) Designated forest land is sold or transferred and a notice of continuance, described in subsection (5)(c) of this section, is signed.
 - (8) If land is removed from designation because of any of the circumstances listed in subsection (5)(a) through (c) of this section, the removal shall apply only to the land affected. If land is removed from designation because of subsection (5)(d) of this section, the removal shall apply only to the actual area of land that is no longer

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primarily devoted to the growing and harvesting of timber, without regard to any other land that may have been included in the application and approved for designation, as long as the remaining designated forest land meets the definition of forest land contained in RCW 84.33.035.

- (9) Within thirty days after the removal of designation as forest land, the assessor shall notify the owner in writing, setting forth the reasons for the removal. The seller, transferor, or owner may appeal the removal to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038.
- (10) Unless the removal is reversed on appeal a copy of the notice of removal with a notation of the action, if any, upon appeal, together with the legal description or assessor's parcel numbers for the land removed from designation shall, at the expense of the applicant, be filed by the assessor in the same manner as deeds are recorded and a notation of removal from designation shall immediately be made upon the assessment and tax rolls. The assessor shall revalue the land to be removed with reference to its true and fair value as of January 1st of the year of removal from designation. Both the assessed value before and after the removal of designation shall be listed. Taxes based on the value of the land as forest land shall be assessed and payable up until the date of removal and taxes based on the true and fair value of the land shall be assessed and payable from the date of removal from designation.
- (11) Except as provided in subsection (5)(c), (13), or (14) of this section, a compensating tax shall be imposed on land removed from designation as forest land. The compensating tax shall be due and payable to the treasurer thirty days after the owner is notified of the amount of this tax. As soon as possible after the land is removed from designation, the assessor shall compute the amount of compensating tax and mail a notice to the owner of the amount of compensating tax owed and the date on which payment of this tax is due. The amount of compensating tax shall be equal to the difference between the amount of tax last levied on the land as designated forest land and an amount equal to the new assessed value of the land multiplied by the dollar rate of the last levy extended against the land, multiplied by a number, in no event greater than nine, equal to the number of years for which the land was designated as forest land, plus compensating taxes

on the land at forest land values up until the date of removal and the prorated taxes on the land at true and fair value from the date of removal to the end of the current tax year.

- (12) Compensating tax, together with applicable interest thereon, shall become a lien on the land which shall attach at the time the land is removed from designation as forest land and shall have priority to and shall be fully paid and satisfied before any recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation, or responsibility to or with which the land may become charged or liable. The lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes as provided in RCW 84.64.050. Any compensating tax unpaid on its due date shall thereupon become delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest shall be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.
- (13) The compensating tax specified in subsection (11) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of designation under subsection (5) of this section resulted solely from:
- (a) Transfer to a government entity in exchange for other forest land located within the state of Washington;
- (b) A taking through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, or sale or transfer to an entity having the power of eminent domain in anticipation of the exercise of such power;
- (c) A donation of fee title, development rights, or the right to harvest timber, to a government agency or organization qualified under RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 for the purposes enumerated in those sections, or the sale or transfer of fee title to a governmental entity or a nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, exclusively for the protection and conservation of lands recommended for state natural area preserve purposes by the natural heritage council and natural heritage plan as defined in chapter 79.70 RCW or approved for state natural resources conservation area purposes as defined in chapter 79.71 RCW. At such time as the land is not used for the purposes enumerated, the compensating tax specified in subsection (11) of this section shall be imposed upon the current owner;
- 37 (d) The sale or transfer of fee title to the parks and recreation 38 commission for park and recreation purposes;

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1 (e) Official action by an agency of the state of Washington or by 2 the county or city within which the land is located that disallows the 3 present use of the land;

- (f) The creation, sale, or transfer of forestry riparian easements under RCW 76.13.120;
- (g) The creation, sale, or transfer of a fee interest or a conservation easement for the riparian open space program under RCW 76.09.040; or
- (h) The sale or transfer of land within two years after the death of the owner of at least a fifty percent interest in the land if the land has been assessed and valued as classified forest land, designated as forest land under this chapter, or classified under chapter 84.34 RCW continuously since 1993. The date of death shown on a death certificate is the date used for the purposes of this subsection $(13)(h)(i; \frac{1}{2})$
- (i) The sale or transfer of land after the death of the owner of at least a fifty percent interest in the land if the land has been assessed and valued as classified forest land, designated as forest land under this chapter, or classified under chapter 84.34 RCW continuously since 1993 and the sale or transfer takes place after July 22, 2001, and on or before July 22, 2003, and the death of the owner occurred after January 1, 1991. The date of death shown on a death certificate is the date used for the purposes of this subsection (13)(i)).
- (14) In a county with a population of more than one million inhabitants, the compensating tax specified in subsection (11) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of designation as forest land under subsection (5) of this section resulted solely from:
 - (a) An action described in subsection (13) of this section; or
- (b) A transfer of a property interest to a government entity, or to a nonprofit historic preservation corporation or nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, to protect or enhance public resources, or to preserve, maintain, improve, restore, limit the future use of, or otherwise to conserve for public use or enjoyment, the property interest being transferred. At such time as the property interest is not used for the purposes enumerated, the compensating tax shall be imposed upon the current owner.

1 **Sec. 703.** RCW 84.34.108 and 2003 c 170 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

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- (1) When land has once been classified under this chapter, a notation of the classification shall be made each year upon the assessment and tax rolls and the land shall be valued pursuant to RCW 84.34.060 or 84.34.065 until removal of all or a portion of the classification by the assessor upon occurrence of any of the following:
- (a) Receipt of notice from the owner to remove all or a portion of the classification;
- (b) Sale or transfer to an ownership, except a transfer that resulted from a default in loan payments made to or secured by a governmental agency that intends to or is required by law or regulation to resell the property for the same use as before, making all or a portion of the land exempt from ad valorem taxation;
- (c) Sale or transfer of all or a portion of the land to a new owner, unless the new owner has signed a notice of classification continuance, except transfer to an owner who is an heir or devisee of a deceased owner shall not, by itself, result in removal of classification. The notice of continuance shall be on a form prepared by the department. If the notice of continuance is not signed by the new owner and attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit, all additional taxes calculated pursuant to subsection (4) of this section shall become due and payable by the seller or transferor at time of The auditor shall not accept an instrument of conveyance regarding classified land for filing or recording unless the new owner has signed the notice of continuance or the additional tax has been paid, as evidenced by the real estate excise tax stamp affixed thereto by the treasurer. The seller, transferor, or new owner may appeal the new assessed valuation calculated under subsection (4) of this section to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the county board of equalization to hear these appeals;
- (d) Determination by the assessor, after giving the owner written notice and an opportunity to be heard, that all or a portion of the land no longer meets the criteria for classification under this chapter. The criteria for classification pursuant to this chapter continue to apply after classification has been granted.

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The granting authority, upon request of an assessor, shall provide reasonable assistance to the assessor in making a determination whether the land continues to meet the qualifications of RCW 84.34.020 (1) or (3). The assistance shall be provided within thirty days of receipt of the request.

- (2) Land may not be removed from classification because of:
- (a) The creation, sale, or transfer of forestry riparian easements under RCW 76.13.120; or
- (b) The creation, sale, or transfer of a fee interest or a conservation easement for the riparian open space program under RCW 76.09.040.
 - (3) Within thirty days after such removal of all or a portion of the land from current use classification, the assessor shall notify the owner in writing, setting forth the reasons for the removal. The seller, transferor, or owner may appeal the removal to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038.
 - (4) Unless the removal is reversed on appeal, the assessor shall revalue the affected land with reference to its true and fair value on January 1st of the year of removal from classification. Both the assessed valuation before and after the removal of classification shall be listed and taxes shall be allocated according to that part of the year to which each assessed valuation applies. Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, an additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty shall be imposed which shall be due and payable to the treasurer thirty days after the owner is notified of the amount of the additional tax. As soon as possible, the assessor shall compute the amount of additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty and the treasurer shall mail notice to the owner of the amount thereof and the date on which payment is due. The amount of the additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty shall be determined as follows:
 - (a) The amount of additional tax shall be equal to the difference between the property tax paid as "open space land((-)),-" "farm and agricultural land((-)),-" or "timber land" and the amount of property tax otherwise due and payable for the seven years last past had the land not been so classified;
- (b) The amount of applicable interest shall be equal to the interest upon the amounts of the additional tax paid at the same

statutory rate charged on delinquent property taxes from the dates on which the additional tax could have been paid without penalty if the land had been assessed at a value without regard to this chapter;

- (c) The amount of the penalty shall be as provided in RCW 84.34.080. The penalty shall not be imposed if the removal satisfies the conditions of RCW 84.34.070.
- (5) Additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty, shall become a lien on the land which shall attach at the time the land is removed from classification under this chapter and shall have priority to and shall be fully paid and satisfied before any recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation or responsibility to or with which the land may become charged or liable. This lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes as provided in RCW 84.64.050 ((now or as hereafter amended)). Any additional tax unpaid on its due date shall thereupon become delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest shall be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.
 - (6) The additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty specified in subsection (4) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of classification pursuant to subsection (1) of this section resulted solely from:
- (a) Transfer to a government entity in exchange for other land located within the state of Washington;
 - (b)(i) A taking through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, or (ii) sale or transfer to an entity having the power of eminent domain in anticipation of the exercise of such power, said entity having manifested its intent in writing or by other official action;
- (c) A natural disaster such as a flood, windstorm, earthquake, or other such calamity rather than by virtue of the act of the landowner changing the use of the property;
 - (d) Official action by an agency of the state of Washington or by the county or city within which the land is located which disallows the present use of the land;
- 37 (e) Transfer of land to a church when the land would qualify for 38 exemption pursuant to RCW 84.36.020;

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(f) Acquisition of property interests by state agencies or agencies or organizations qualified under RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 for the purposes enumerated in those sections. At such time as these property interests are not used for the purposes enumerated in RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 the additional tax specified in subsection (4) of this section shall be imposed;

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- (g) Removal of land classified as farm and agricultural land under RCW 84.34.020(2)(e);
- 9 (h) Removal of land from classification after enactment of a 10 statutory exemption that qualifies the land for exemption and receipt 11 of notice from the owner to remove the land from classification;
- 12 (i) The creation, sale, or transfer of forestry riparian easements 13 under RCW 76.13.120;
- 14 (j) The creation, sale, or transfer of a fee interest or a 15 conservation easement for the riparian open space program under RCW 16 76.09.040; or
 - (k) The sale or transfer of land within two years after the death of the owner of at least a fifty percent interest in the land if the land has been assessed and valued as classified forest land, designated as forest land under chapter 84.33 RCW, or classified under this chapter continuously since 1993. The date of death shown on a death certificate is the date used for the purposes of this subsection $(6)(k)(\frac{1}{k})$
- 24 (1) The sale or transfer of land after the death of the owner of at 25 least a fifty percent interest in the land if the land has been assessed and valued as classified forest land, designated as forest 26 27 land under chapter 84.33 RCW, or classified under this chapter continuously since 1993 and the sale or transfer takes place after July 28 22, 2001, and on or before July 22, 2003, and the death of the owner 29 occurred after January 1, 1991. The date of death shown on a death 30 31 certificate is the date used for the purpose of this subsection 32 (6)(1))).
- 33 **Sec. 704.** RCW 84.52.010 and 2005 c 122 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- Except as is permitted under RCW 84.55.050, all taxes shall be levied or voted in specific amounts.

The rate percent of all taxes for state and county purposes, and purposes of taxing districts coextensive with the county, shall be determined, calculated, and fixed by the county assessors of the respective counties, within the limitations provided by law, upon the assessed valuation of the property of the county, as shown by the completed tax rolls of the county, and the rate percent of all taxes levied for purposes of taxing districts within any county shall be determined, calculated, and fixed by the county assessors of the respective counties, within the limitations provided by law, upon the assessed valuation of the property of the taxing districts respectively.

When a county assessor finds that the aggregate rate of tax levy on any property, that is subject to the limitations set forth in RCW 84.52.043 or 84.52.050, exceeds the limitations provided in either of these sections, the assessor shall recompute and establish a consolidated levy in the following manner:

- (1) The full certified rates of tax levy for state, county, county road district, and city or town purposes shall be extended on the tax rolls in amounts not exceeding the limitations established by law; however any state levy shall take precedence over all other levies and shall not be reduced for any purpose other than that required by RCW 84.55.010. If, as a result of the levies imposed under RCW ((84.52.125, 84.52.135, 36.54.130, 84.52.069, 84.34.230, the portion of the levy by a metropolitan park district that was protected under RCW 84.52.120, and 84.52.105)) 36.54.130, 84.34.230, 84.52.069, 84.52.105, the portion of the levy by a metropolitan park district that was protected under RCW 84.52.120, 84.52.125, and 84.52.135, the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, then these levies shall be reduced as follows:
- (a) The portion of the levy by a fire protection district that is protected under RCW 84.52.125 shall be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or shall be eliminated;
- (b) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, the levy imposed by a county under

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1 RCW 84.52.135 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds 2 one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be 3 eliminated;

- (c) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, the levy imposed by a ferry district under RCW 36.54.130 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must be eliminated;
- (d) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, the portion of the levy by a metropolitan park district that is protected under RCW 84.52.120 shall be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or shall be eliminated;
- (e) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, then the levies imposed under RCW 84.34.230, 84.52.105, and any portion of the levy imposed under RCW 84.52.069 that is in excess of thirty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, shall be reduced on a pro rata basis until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or shall be eliminated; and
- (f) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, then the thirty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value of tax levy imposed under RCW 84.52.069 shall be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or eliminated.
- (2) The certified rates of tax levy subject to these limitations by all junior taxing districts imposing taxes on such property shall be reduced or eliminated as follows to bring the consolidated levy of taxes on such property within the provisions of these limitations:
- (a) First, the certified property tax levy rates of those junior taxing districts authorized under RCW 36.68.525, 36.69.145, 35.95A.100, and 67.38.130 shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;
 - (b) Second, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these

limitations, the certified property tax levy rates of flood control zone districts shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;

- (c) Third, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the certified property tax levy rates of all other junior taxing districts, other than fire protection districts, regional fire protection service authorities, library districts, the first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levies for metropolitan park districts, and the first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levies for public hospital districts, shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;
- (d) Fourth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levies for metropolitan park districts created on or after January 1, 2002, shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;
- (e) Fifth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the certified property tax levy rates authorized to ((regional fire protection service authorities under RCW 52.26.140(1) (b) and (c) and)) fire protection districts under RCW 52.16.140 and 52.16.160 and regional fire protection service authorities under RCW 52.26.140(1) (b) and (c) shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated; and
- (f) Sixth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these limitations, the certified property tax levy rates authorized for <u>fire protection districts under RCW 52.16.130</u>, regional fire protection service authorities under RCW 52.26.140(1)(a), ((fire protection districts under RCW 52.16.130,)) library districts, metropolitan park districts created before January 1, 2002, under their first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levy, and public hospital districts under their first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levy, shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated.
- Sec. 705. RCW 84.52.054 and 1986 c 133 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 The additional tax provided for in ((subparagraph (a) of the seventeenth amendment to)) Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution ((as amended by Amendment 59 and as thereafter amended)), and specifically authorized by RCW 84.52.052, ((as now or hereafter amended, and RCW)) 84.52.053 ((and)), 84.52.0531, and 84.52.130, shall

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be set forth in terms of dollars on the ballot of the proposition to be 1 2 submitted to the voters, together with an estimate of the dollar rate of tax levy that will be required to produce the dollar amount; and the 3 county assessor, in spreading this tax upon the rolls, shall determine 4 5 the eventual dollar rate required to produce the amount of dollars so voted upon, regardless of the estimate of dollar rate of tax levy 6 7 carried in said proposition. In the case of a school district or fire protection district proposition for a particular period, the dollar 8 9 amount and the corresponding estimate of the dollar rate of tax levy shall be set forth for each of the years in that period. The dollar 10 amount for each annual levy in the particular period may be equal or in 11 different amounts. 12

NEW SECTION. Sec. 706. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- 15 (1) RCW 84.55.012 (Reduction of property tax levy--Setting amount 16 of future levies) and 1997 c 2 s 1 & 1995 2nd sp.s. c 13 s 2; and
- 17 (2) RCW 84.55.0121 (Reduction of property tax levy for collection in 1998) and 1997 c 3 s 301.

19 PART VIII

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MISCELLANEOUS TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS

- 21 **Sec. 801.** RCW 82.46.010 and 1994 c 272 s 1 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
 - (1) The legislative authority of any county or city shall identify in the adopted budget the capital projects funded in whole or in part from the proceeds of the tax authorized in <u>subsection (2) of</u> this section, and shall indicate that such tax is intended to be in addition to other funds that may be reasonably available for such capital projects.
 - (2) The legislative authority of any county or any city may impose an excise tax on each sale of real property in the unincorporated areas of the county for the county tax and in the corporate limits of the city for the city tax at a rate not exceeding one-quarter of one percent of the selling price. The revenues from this tax shall be used by any city or county with a population of five thousand or less and

any city or county that does not plan under RCW 36.70A.040 for any capital purpose identified in a capital improvements plan and local capital improvements, including those listed in RCW 35.43.040.

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After April 30, 1992, revenues generated from the tax imposed under this subsection in counties over five thousand population and cities over five thousand population that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall be used solely for financing capital projects specified in a capital facilities plan element of a comprehensive plan and housing relocation assistance under RCW 59.18.440 and 59.18.450. However, revenues (a) pledged by such counties and cities to debt retirement prior to April 30, 1992, may continue to be used for that purpose until the original debt for which the revenues were pledged is retired, or (b) committed prior to April 30, 1992, by such counties or cities to a project may continue to be used for that purpose until the project is completed.

- (3) In lieu of imposing the tax authorized in RCW 82.14.030(2), the legislative authority of any county or any city may impose an additional excise tax on each sale of real property in the unincorporated areas of the county for the county tax and in the corporate limits of the city for the city tax at a rate not exceeding one-half of one percent of the selling price.
- (4) Taxes imposed under this section shall be collected from persons who are taxable by the state under chapter 82.45 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the unincorporated areas of the county or within the corporate limits of the city, as the case may be.
- (5) Taxes imposed under this section shall comply with all applicable rules, regulations, laws, and court decisions regarding real estate excise taxes as imposed by the state under chapter 82.45 RCW.
- (6) As used in this section, "city" means any city or town and "capital project" means those public works projects of a local government for planning, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, repair, replacement, rehabilitation, or improvement of streets; roads; highways; sidewalks; street and road lighting systems; traffic signals; bridges; domestic water systems; storm and sanitary sewer systems; parks; recreational facilities; law enforcement facilities; fire protection facilities; trails; libraries; administrative and/or judicial facilities; river and/or waterway flood control projects by those jurisdictions that, prior to June 11, 1992, have expended funds

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- derived from the tax authorized by this section for such purposes; and,
- 2 until December 31, 1995, housing projects for those jurisdictions that,
- 3 prior to June 11, 1992, have expended or committed to expend funds
- 4 derived from the tax authorized by this section or the tax authorized
- 5 by RCW 82.46.035 for such purposes.
- 6 PART IX
- 7 MISCELLANEOUS
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 901.** The repealed sections in sections 110,
- 9 330, 413, and 512 of this act do not affect any rights, liabilities,
- 10 obligations, or proceedings, incurred or instituted under those
- 11 repealed sections or rules or orders adopted by the department of
- 12 revenue pursuant to those repealed sections prior to the effective date
- 13 of section 110, 330, 413, or 512 of this act.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 902.** (1) Unless expressly provided otherwise,
- 15 this act takes effect July 1, 2006.
- 16 (2) Section 702 of this act takes effect July 1, 2007.
- 17 (3) Section 509 of this act takes effect July 1, 2012.
- 18 (4) Sections 309 through 311 of this act are necessary for the
- 19 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or
- 20 support of the state government and its existing public institutions,
- 21 and take effect immediately.
- 22 NEW SECTION. Sec. 903. Section 504 of this act takes effect if
- 23 chapter 149, Laws of 2003 takes effect.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 904. Section 503 of this act expires if chapter
- 25 149, Laws of 2003 takes effect.
- 26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 905.** Section 701 of this act expires July 1,
- 27 2007.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 906. Part headings used in this act are not
- 29 part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 907. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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